

MIDAS SQUARE 공학 기술강연

미래 건축의 높이를 넘어:
초고층 건축물의 기술 혁신

정광량 | (주)CNP동양

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CTBUH Fellow

CONTENTS

01 국내 초고층 건축물 현황

- 국내 초고층 건축물은 어떤 것이 있는지 시대별로 확인합니다.

02 초고층 건축물 구조 기술

- 국내에서 사용된 초고층 건축물 구조기술 사례를 시대별로 파악합니다.

03 초고층 건축물 횡력저항시스템

- 횡력저항시스템별 Key Technical Issue가 무엇이 있는지 설명합니다.
- Outrigger System
- Mega-Braced System
- Fin Wall & Belt Wall

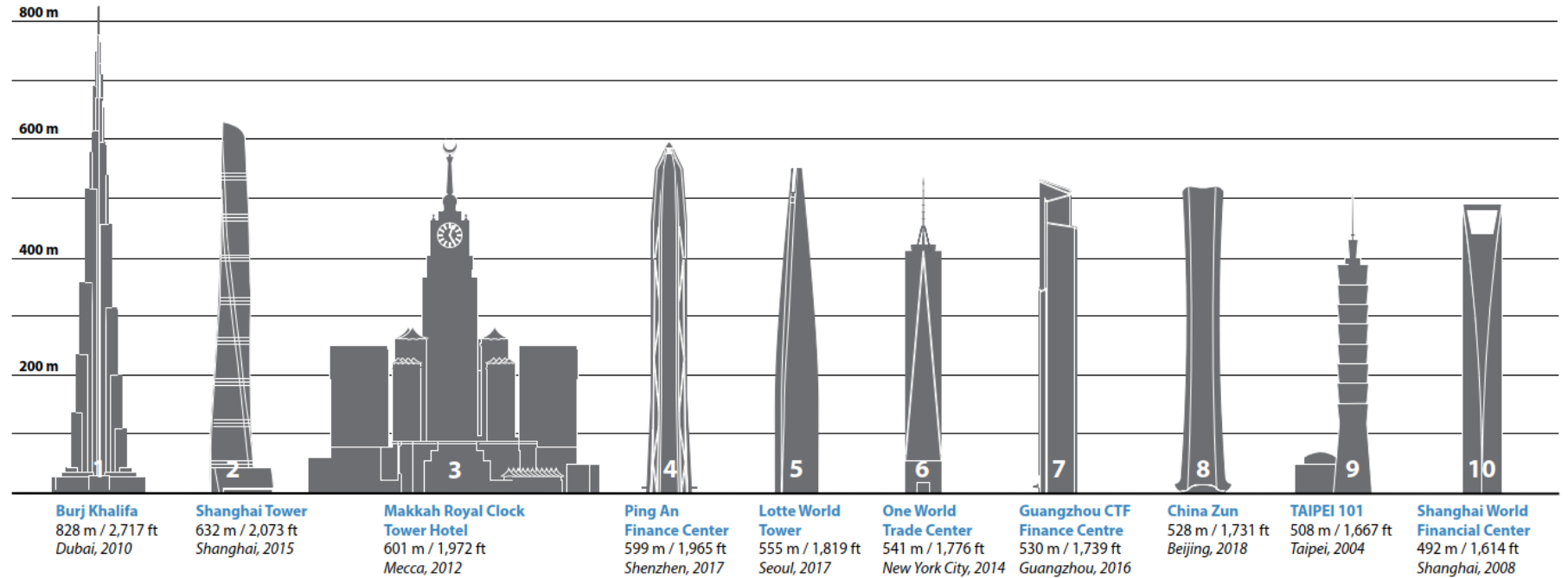
04 초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

- 초고층 건축물을 위한 주요 고려사항 및 전문분야 컨설턴트에 대해 알아봅니다.

국내 초고층 건축물

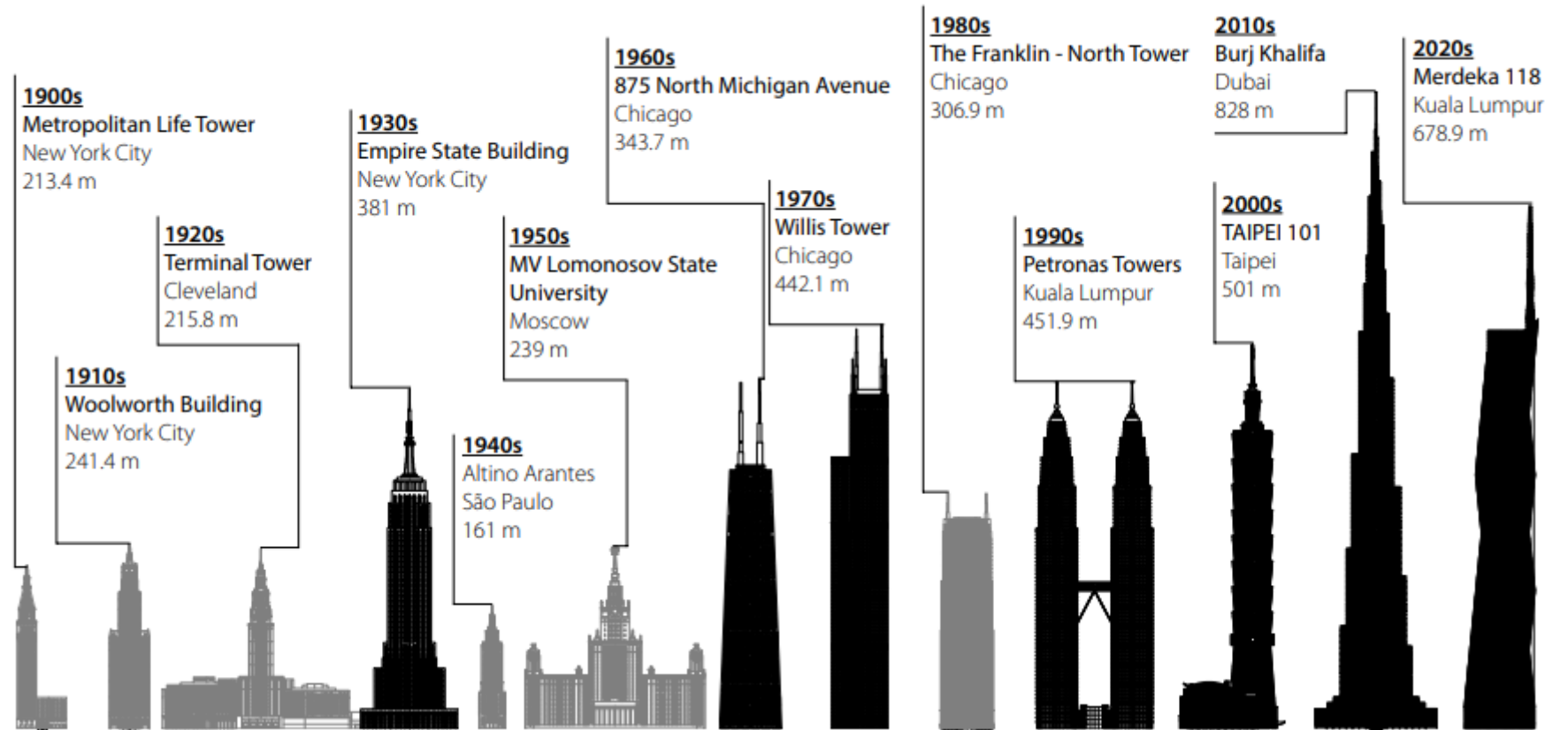
전세계 초고층 건축물

Tallest Completed Buildings in the World



전세계 초고층 건축물

Tallest Completed Buildings in the World



<https://global.ctbuh.org/>

국내 초고층 건축물

1970 종로31빌딩

⋮

1978 중구 롯데호텔 38층

종로 31빌딩



출처 : <https://namu.wiki/>

중구 롯데호텔



출처 : <https://namu.wiki/>

국내 초고층 건축물

1985 여의도 63빌딩



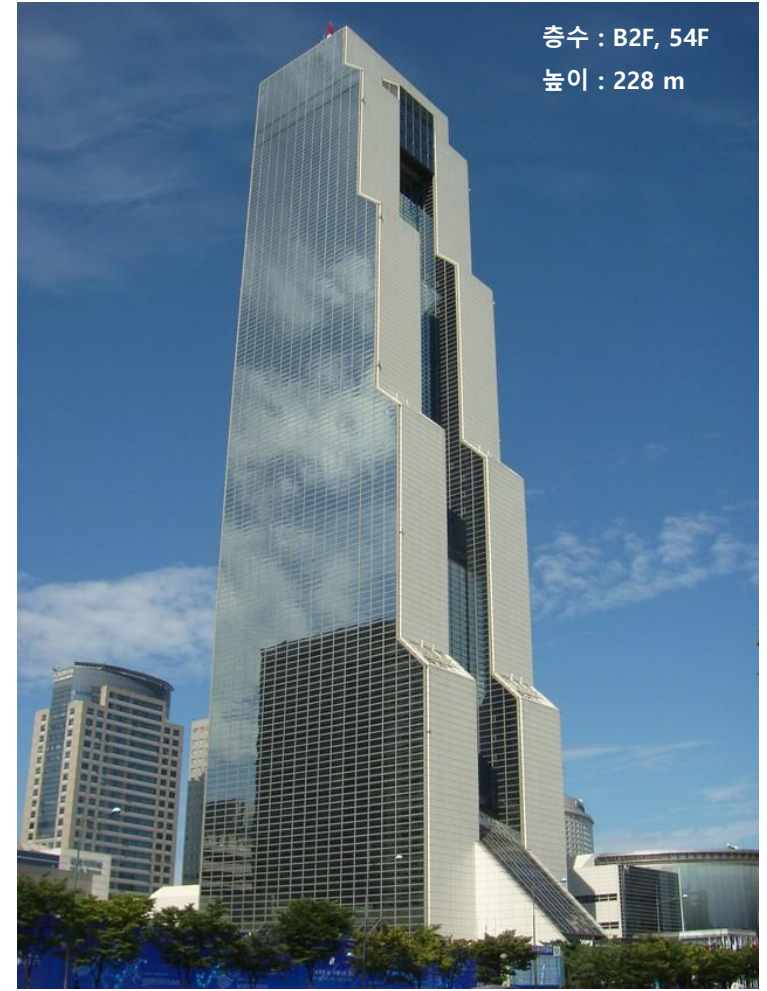
1988 트레이드 타워

여의도 63빌딩



출처 : <https://namu.wiki/>

삼성동 트레이드 타워



출처 : <https://ko.wikipedia.org/>

국내 초고층 건축물

2003 목동 하이페리온



2004 타워팰리스

목동하이페리온 1차



타워팰리스 3차



국내 초고층 건축물

해운대 아이파크 marina (2011)

위치 : 부산 해운대구, 대한민국

층수 : B6F, 72F

높이 : 292 m

용도 : 주상복합

해운대 아이파크 marina



국내 초고층 건축물

송도 포스코 타워 (2011)

위치 : 인천, 대한민국

층수 : B3F, 68F

높이 : 305 m

용도 : 업무시설, 판매시설, 호텔

송도 포스코타워(NEATT)



국내 초고층 건축물

서울 국제금융센터 IFC
(2012)



여의도 전경련 회관
(2013)



부산 IFC
(2014)

서울 국제금융센터(IFC)



여의도 전경련 회관(FKI)



부산국제금융센터(BIFC)



출처 : <https://namu.wiki/>

국내 초고층 건축물

잠실 롯데타워 (2016)

층수 : B6F, 123F

높이 : 555 m

용도 : 업무시설, 판매시설, 호텔

잠실 롯데타워



국내 초고층 건축물

해운대 LCT (2019)

위치 : 부산 해운대구, 대한민국

층수 : B5F 101F(랜드마크)

높이 : 411 m

용도 : 주상복합, 공동주택, 판매시설, 호텔

해운대 LCT



국내 초고층 건축물

여의도 파크원 (2020)

위치 : 서울, 대한민국

층수 : B7F, 69F

높이 : 318 m

용도 : 업무시설, 판매시설, 호텔

여의도 파크원



국내 초고층 건축물

부산 이진베이시티 (2022)

위치 : 부산 서구, 대한민국

층수 : B6F, 69F

높이 : 246 m

용도 : 주상복합

부산 이진베이시티

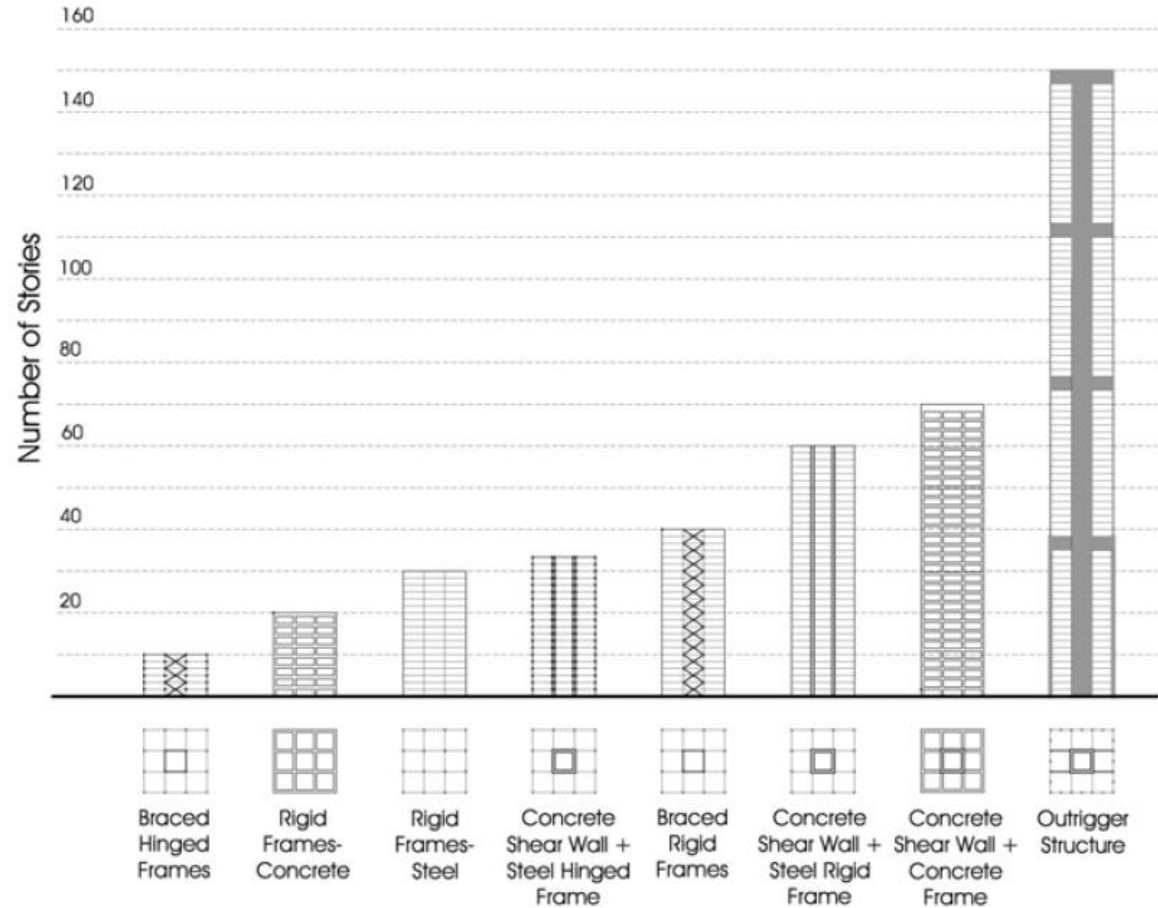


초고층 건축물 구조 기술

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

Tall Building Structural System

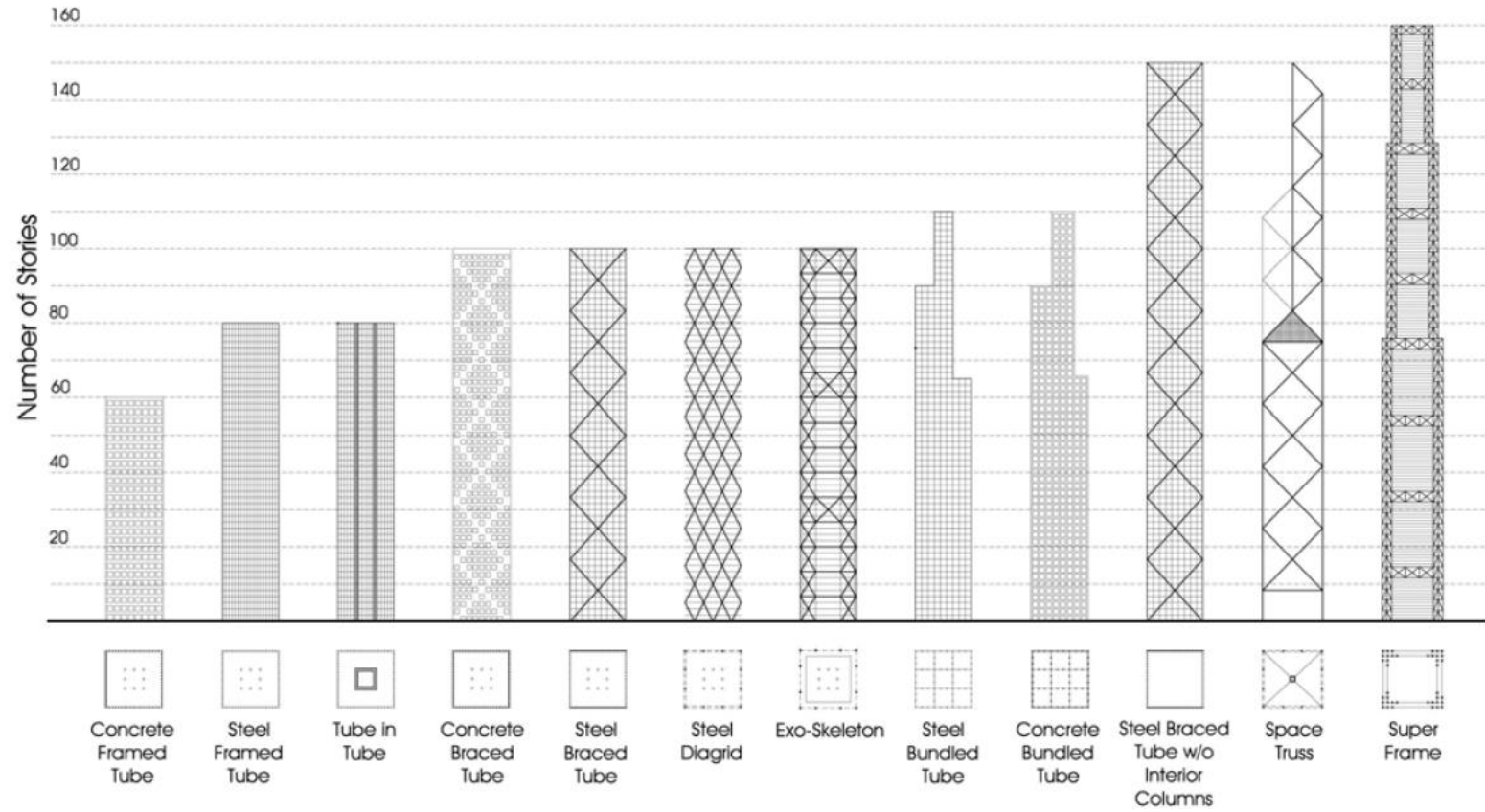
Interior Structural System



초고층 건축물 구조 기술

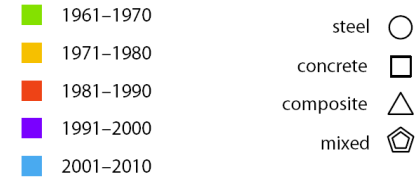
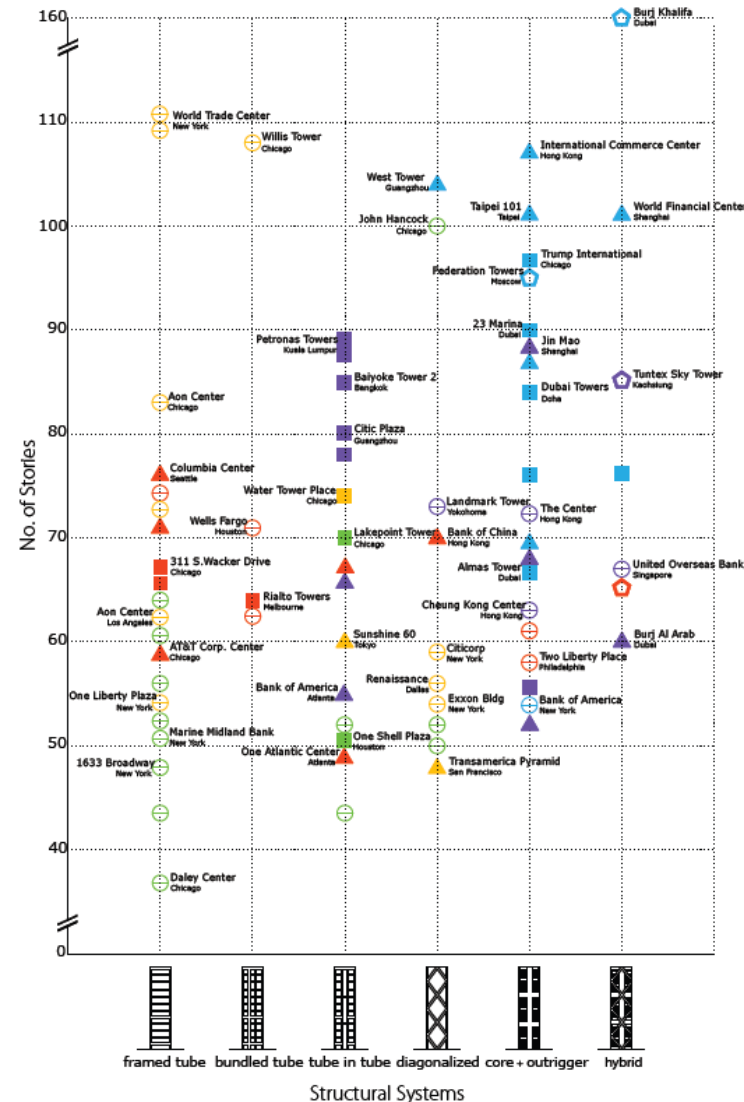
Tall Building Structural System

Exterior Structural System



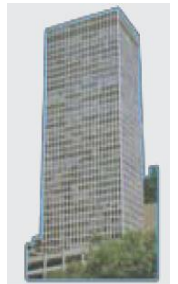
초고층 건축물 구조 기술

Tall Building Structural System



Prior 1990 :
75% of tall building
Frame Tube w/ steel

2000's
73% of tall buildings
Core + outrigger
approx. 50% Concrete



year	1970s	1980s		2000s			2010s			2020s			
Building Name	31 Build.	63 Build.	Trade Tower	Mokdong Hyperion I	Tower Palace III	Busan The # Centum Star	Sondo NEATT	FKI Tower	Haeundae I Park Marina	Parc1 Tower	GBC	Busan LCT	Busan Ijin Bay City Tower
Function	Office	Office		Residential			Office		Residential	Office		Residential	
Completion	1970	1985	1988	2003	2004	2008	2011	2013	2011	2020	-	2019	2022
Floors	31F	60F	54F	69F	69F	60F	68F	50F	72F	69F	105F	101F	69F
Height	110 m	250 m	228 m	256 m	264 m	212 m	305 m	246 m	292 m	318 m	569 m	411 m	246 m
Structural System	Floor System	Steel Beam				RC Slab	Steel Beam		Conc Flat Slab	Steel Beam		RC Slab	
	Column	Steel Braced Column		SRC Column		RC Column	SRC Column		RC Column	Mega Column		RC Column	
	Core	Steel Core		Con'c Core									
	Lateral Resistance System	Steel frame	Steel Braced Frame		Outrigger System					Mega Braced System		Fin Wall System	

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

1970', 80'

Tall Building Structural System _ Steel



31 Building

1971' 31F, 114m

Steel Frame



63 Building

1984' 60F, 249m

Steel Braced Frame



LG Twin Tower

1986' 33F, 144m

Steel Tube



Trade Center

1987' 55F, 228m

Steel Braced Frame

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

2000'

Tall Building Structural System _ Outrigger System



Hyperion

2003' 69F, 256m

Outrigger



Tower Palace III

2004' 69F, 264m

Outrigger



The # Centum Star

2008' 60F, 212m

Outrigger

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

2010'

Tall Building Structural System _ Outrigger System



NEATT

2011' 68F, 305m

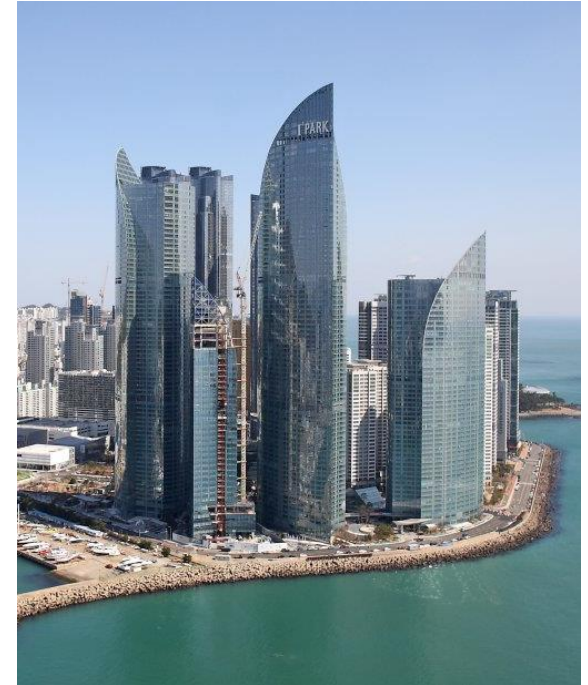
Outrigger



FKI Tower

2013' 50F, 246m

Outrigger



**Haeundae I Park
Marina**

2011' 72F, 292m

Outrigger

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

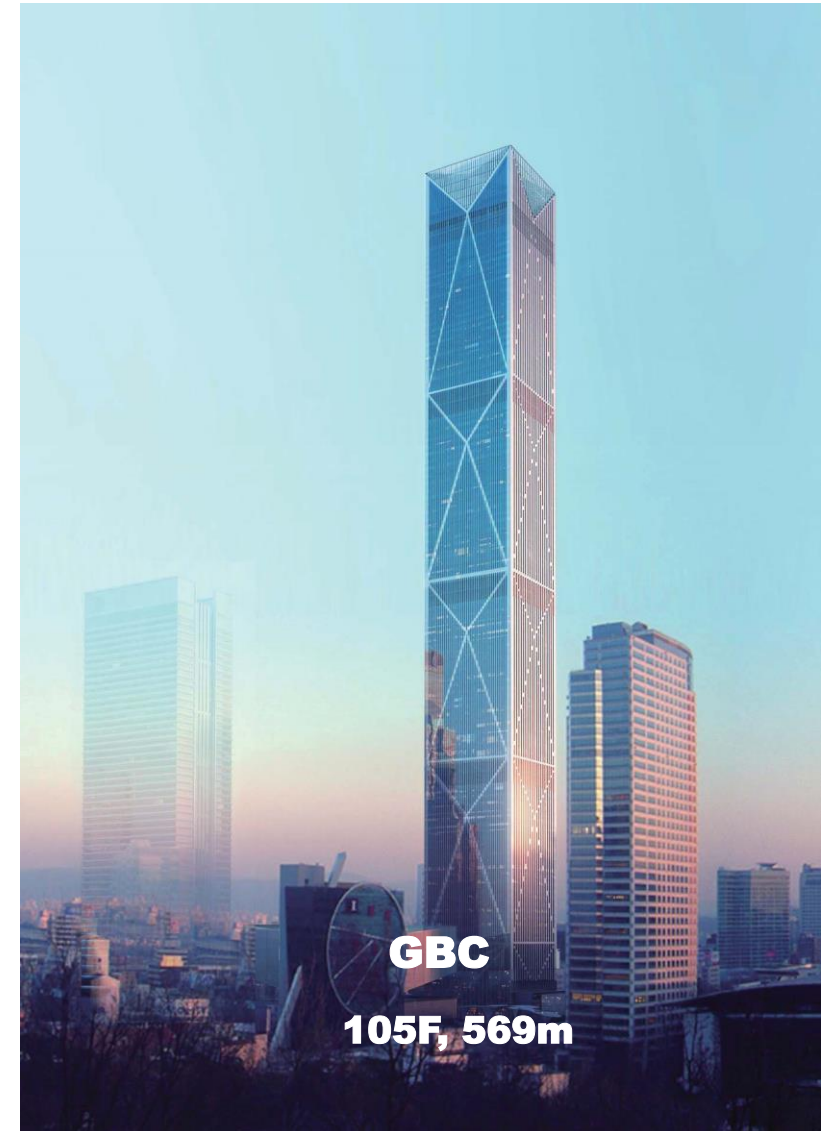
2020'

Tall Building Structural System _ Mega Braced System



PARC1

2020' 69F, 318m



GBC

105F, 569m

초고층 건축물 구조 기술

2020'

Tall Building Structural System _ Fin Wall & Belt Wall



LCT

2019' 101F, 411m



IJINBAY CITY

2022' 69F, 246m

횡력저항시스템

- Outrigger System
- Mega-Braced System
- Fin Wall & Belt Wall

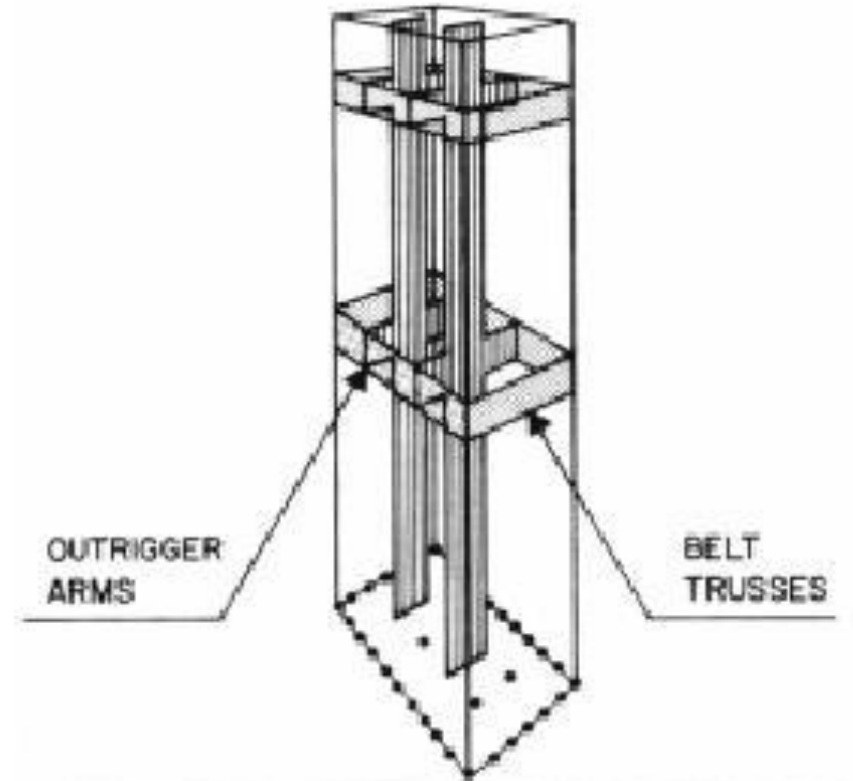
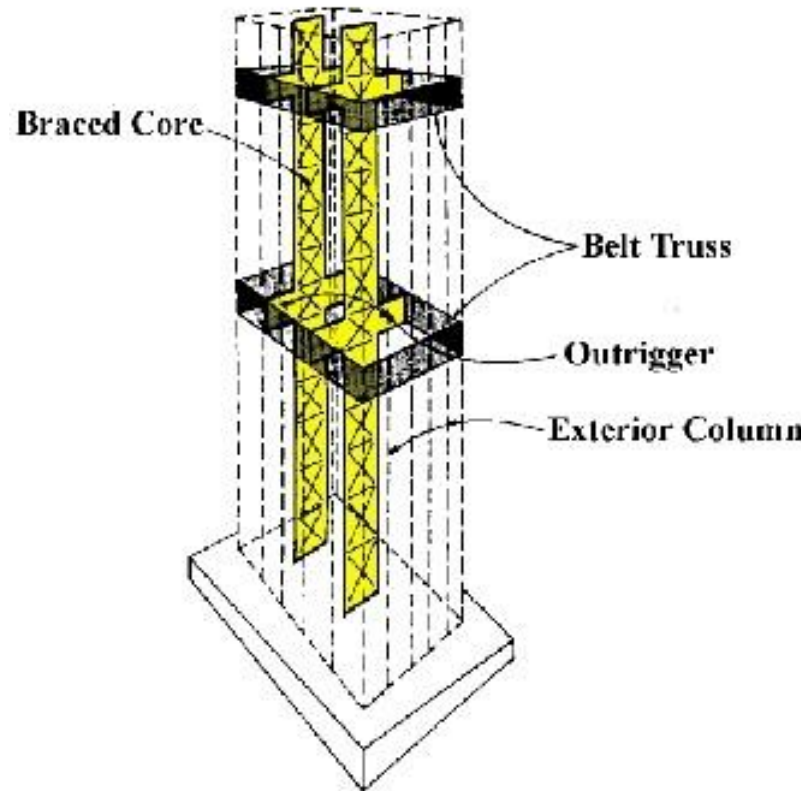
Outrigger System

초고층 건축물 휨력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Concept

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Concept

Outrigger System

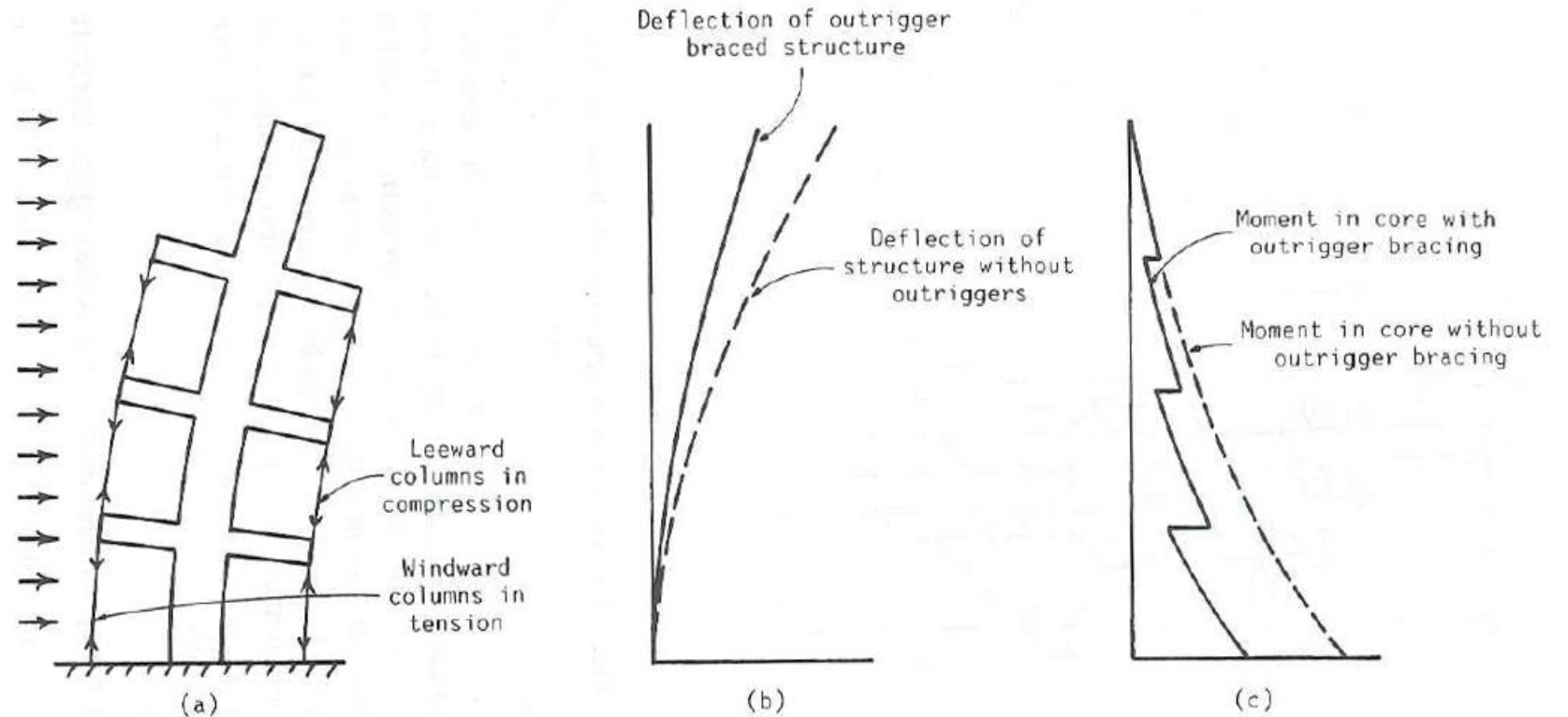


Fig. 14.2 (a) Outrigger structure displaced under lateral loading; (b) resultant deflections; (c) resultant core moments.

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

challenge

- **Connection With Con'c Core**
- **Mitigation for Differential Shortening**

초고층 건축물 휨력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

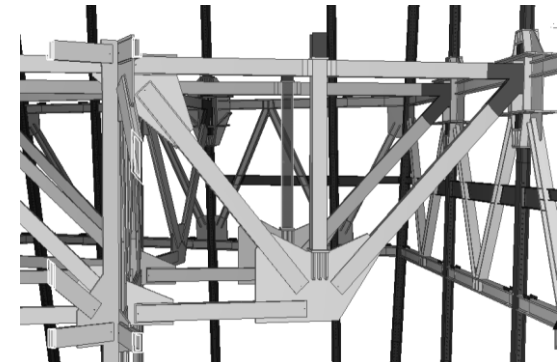
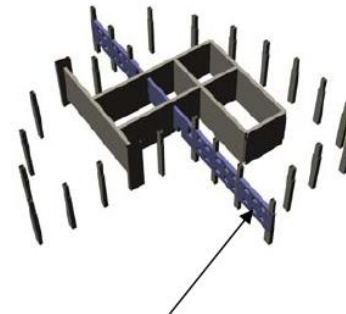
Classification

Outrigger System

1. 배치에 따른 분류
Core Outrigger
Offset Outrigger

2. 재료에 따른 분류
Concrete
Outrigger wall
Vierendeel

Steel
Truss
Composite



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Effect of the Axial Shortening

Between Outrigger and Core

1. Embedded Plate
2. Encased top and Bot. chod
3. Encased Outrigger Truss

Between Outrigger and Column

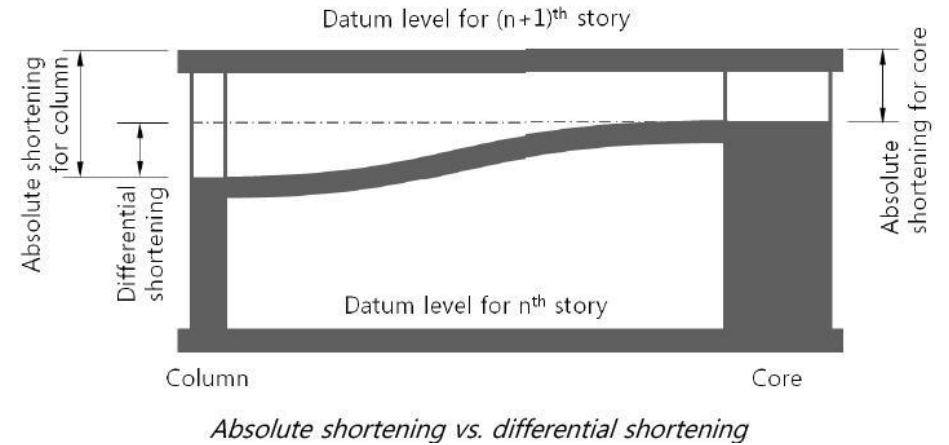
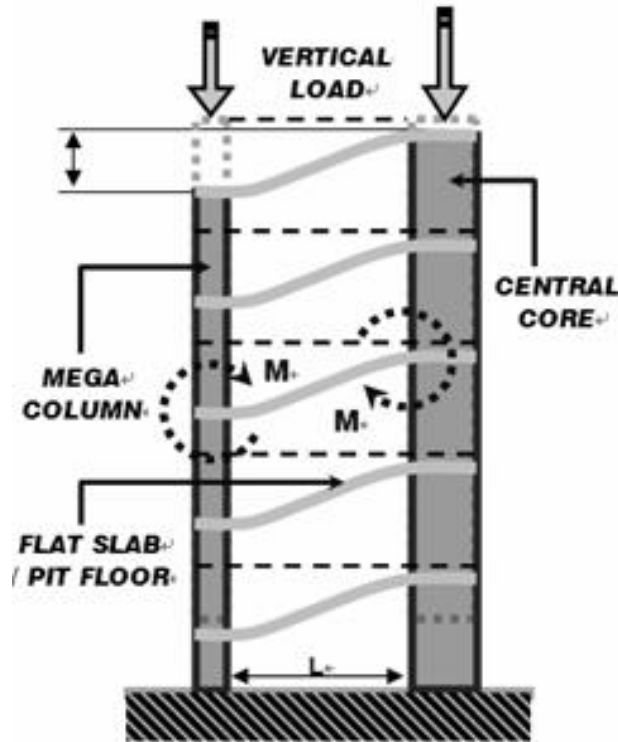
1. Delayed Joint
2. Adjusted Joint
3. Auto-leveling

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System



$$M = Z \cdot \sigma, \quad \Delta M = \frac{6EI}{L^2} \Delta$$

$$\frac{\Delta M}{M} = \frac{6EI\Delta}{L^2 Z \sigma} \quad \text{여기서 } \frac{I}{Z} = \frac{h}{2} \text{ 이므로}$$

$$\frac{\Delta M}{M} = \frac{3Eh\Delta}{L^2 \sigma} = \frac{h}{L^2} \frac{3E\Delta}{\sigma}$$

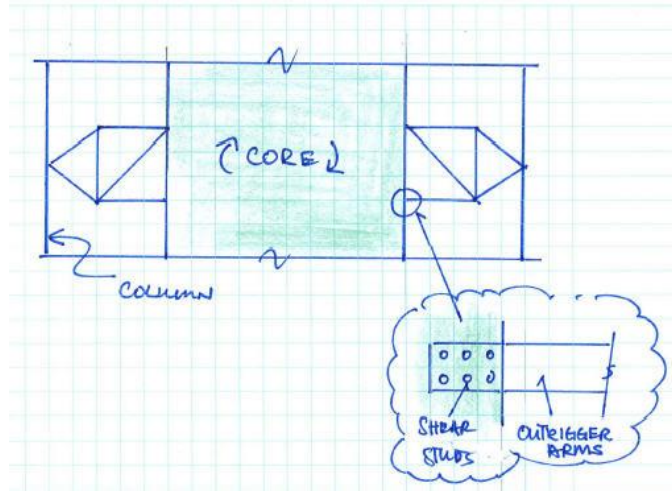
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

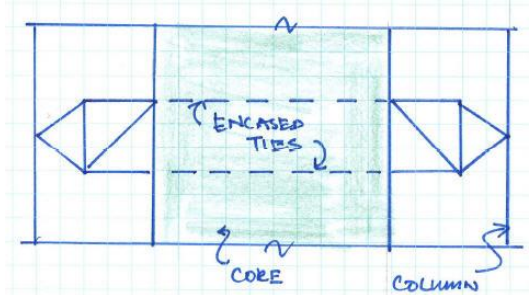
Connection Method

Outrigger System

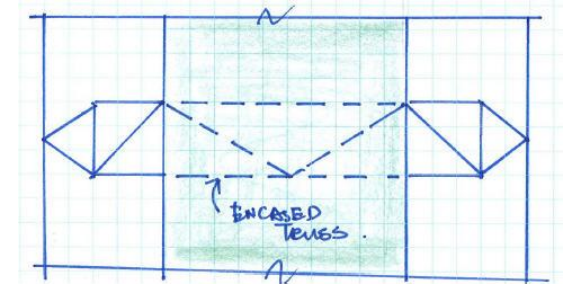
Connection between **Outrigger** and **Core**



Embedded Plate



Encased top and bot. tie detail



Encased Truss

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

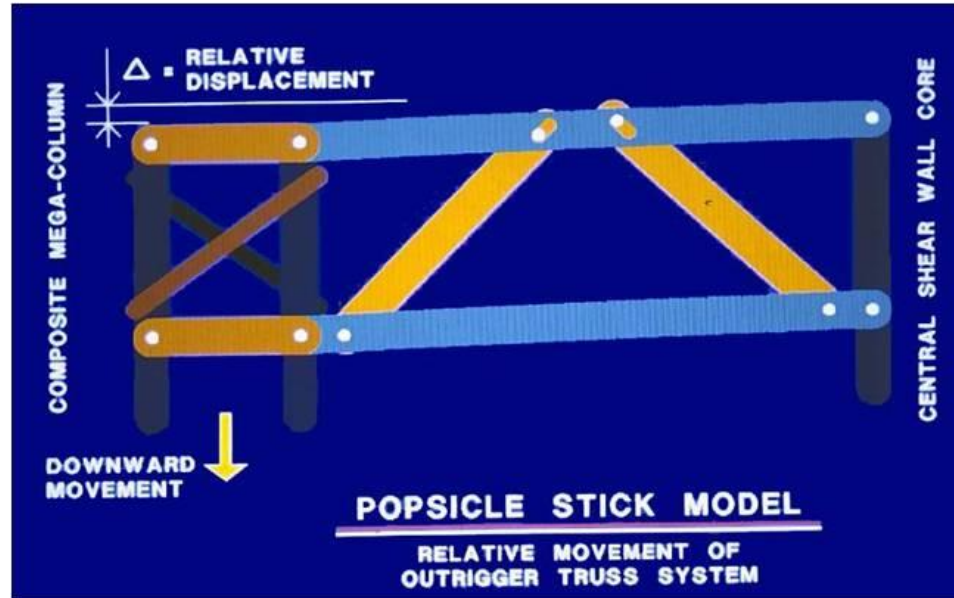
Outrigger System

Connection Method

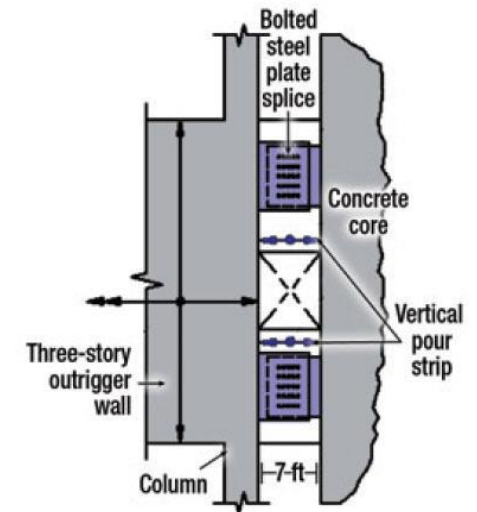
Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Delay Joint Method**



Jin Mao Tower



Divorced. Vertical strip is cast later to accommodate different settlement.

Nashville Tower

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Delay Joint Method**



Jin Mao Tower, China



Nashville, USA



경남 밀레니엄 타워, 베트남



목동 현대 하이퍼리온 I

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

• Delay Joint Method

Pros

- Shim plate method에 비하여 관리가 수월함
- 접합상세 및 시공이 간단하다

Cons

- 시공완료시 까지 지속적인 관리 필요
- 기둥접합 상세가 단순
- 공사중 발생하는 횡력에 대하여 Outrigger 없이 안전해야함
- 추가보강 시 골조물량 증가

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

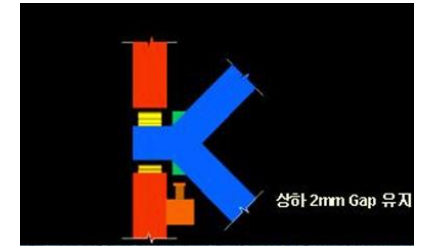
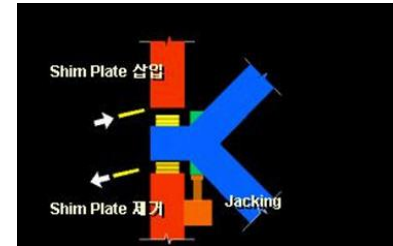
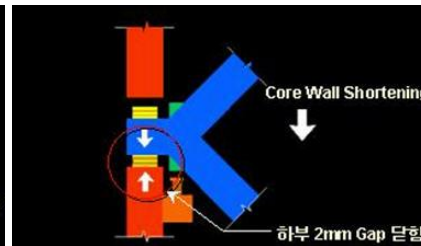
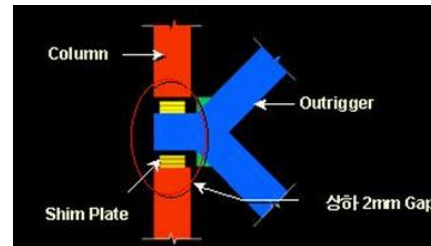
Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

• Adjustment method



Steel outrigger

Shim plates are used above and below the outrigger tip to adjust the relative shortening between core and perimeter during construction stage



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

• **Adjustment method**



목동 현대 하이페리온 I



2IFC, Hong Kong



NINA Tower, Hong Kong



Cheung Kong Center
Hong Kong

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Adjustment method (Shim Plate Correction Method)**

Pros

- 시공중 태풍발생 시 아웃리거가 횡력저항 요소로 저항
- 공사도중 발생할 수 있는 횡력에 대하여 추가보강 불필요

Cons

- 시공완료시 까지 지속적인 관리와 조정 필요
- 기둥접합 상세가 복잡
- 유지관리 비용증가

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

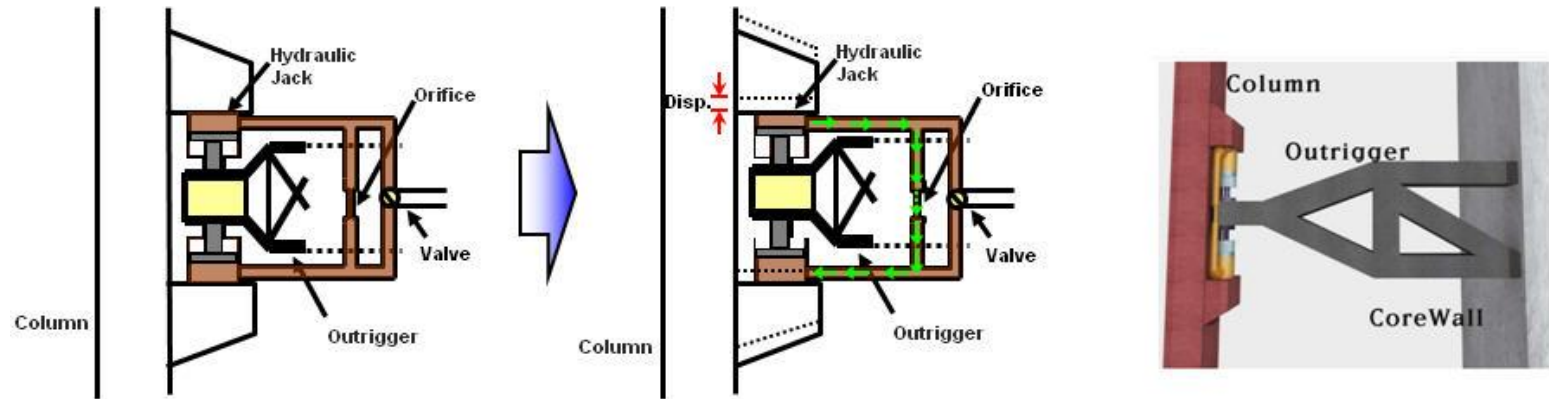
Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Auto-leveling Joint Method (Oil Jack Joint System)**



- Install bi-directionally
- Interlocked oil Jack
- Interlocking Operation
- Schematic View after installation

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

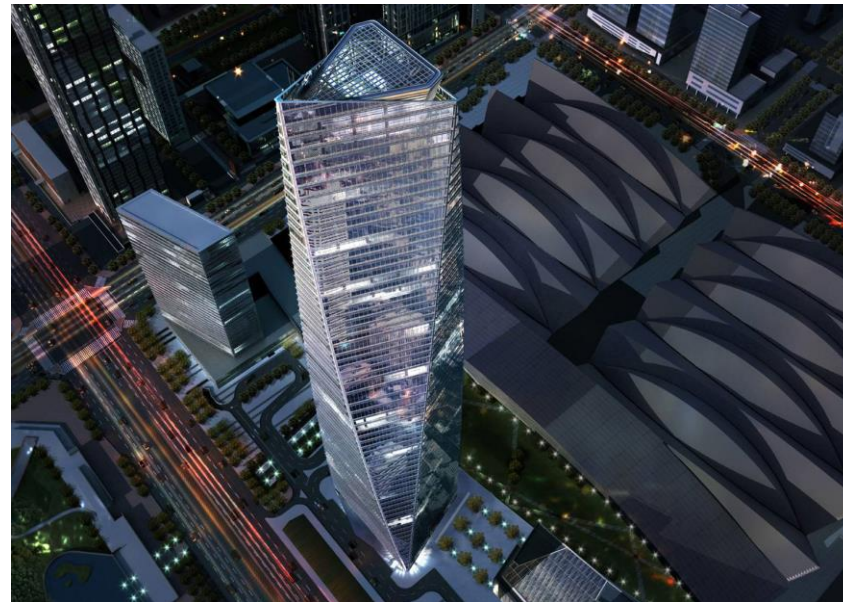
Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Auto-leveling Joint Method**



Northeast Asia Trade Tower



St. Francis Shangri la Place, Philippines

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Connection Method

Outrigger System

Connection between **Outrigger** and **Column**

- **Auto-leveling Joint Method**

Pros

- Shim plate method에 비하여 관리가 수월함
- Outrigger Damper로 사용 시 Hydraulic Damper 기능 수행

Cons

- 시공완료시 까지 지속적인 관리와 조정 필요
- 접합상세가 복잡
- 초기 Set up 비용이 증가

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000' Hyperion

- Location : Seoul, Korea
- Height : 69 Story (256m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2003
- Structural System :
Composite Column +
Steel Beam +
Outrigger Truss

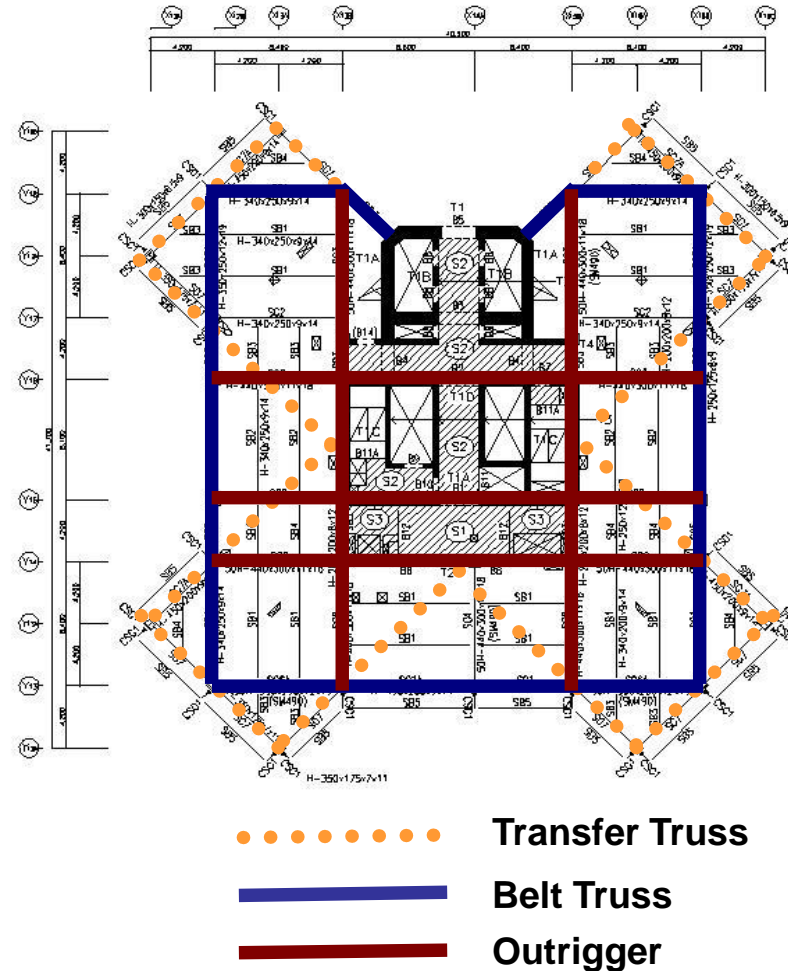
Outrigger System



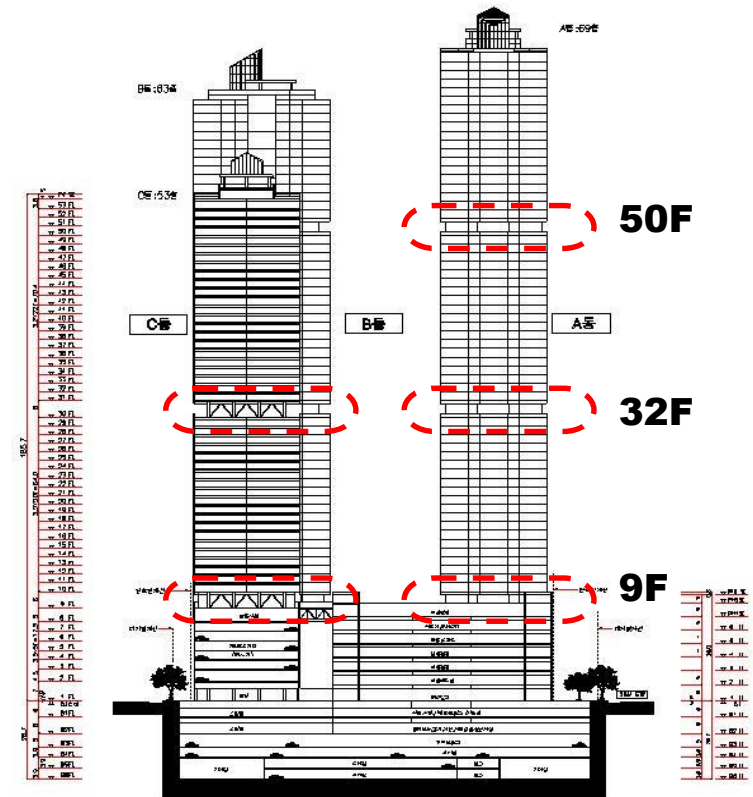
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'
Hyperion

Outrigger System



 = Outrigger Floor



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'
Hyperion

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'

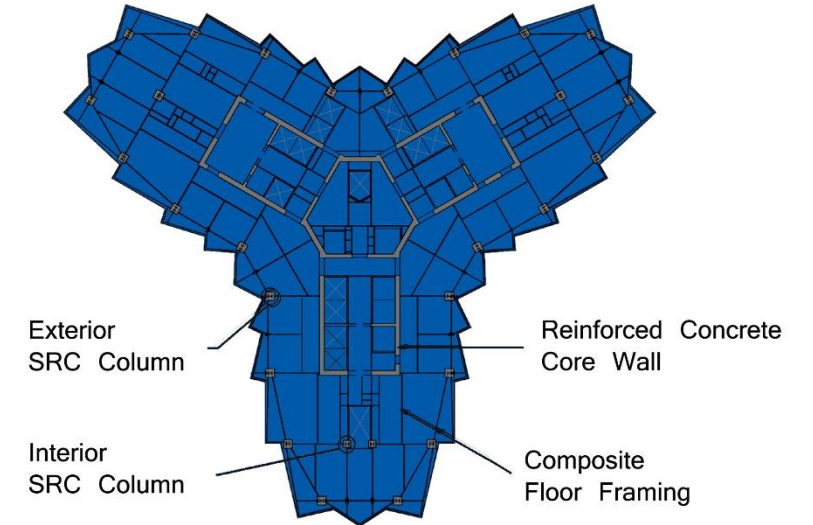
Tower palace III

- Location : Seoul, Korea
- Height : 69 Story (261.8m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2004
- Structural System :
Composite Column +
Steel Beam + Core Wall +
Concrete Belt Wall

Outrigger System



STRUCTURE PLAN



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'

Tower palace III

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'

The # Centum Star

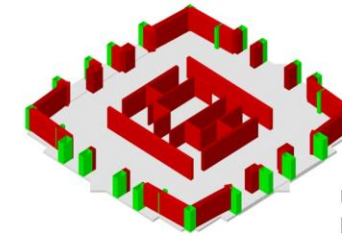
- Location : Busan, Korea
- Height : 60 Story (209.8m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2008

Outrigger System

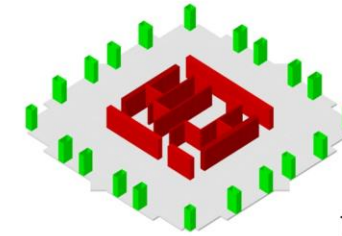


LATERAL SYSTEM

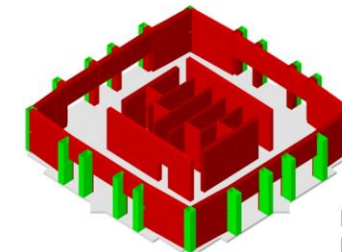
Core Wall + Outrigger Wall + Belt Wall



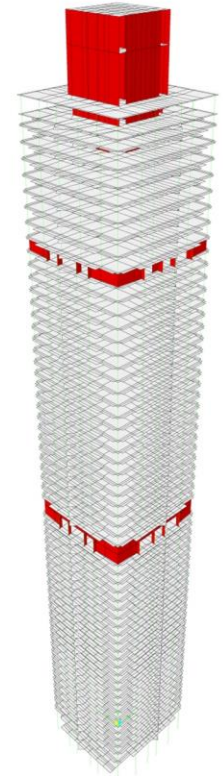
Upper
Belt Wall Floor



Typical Floor



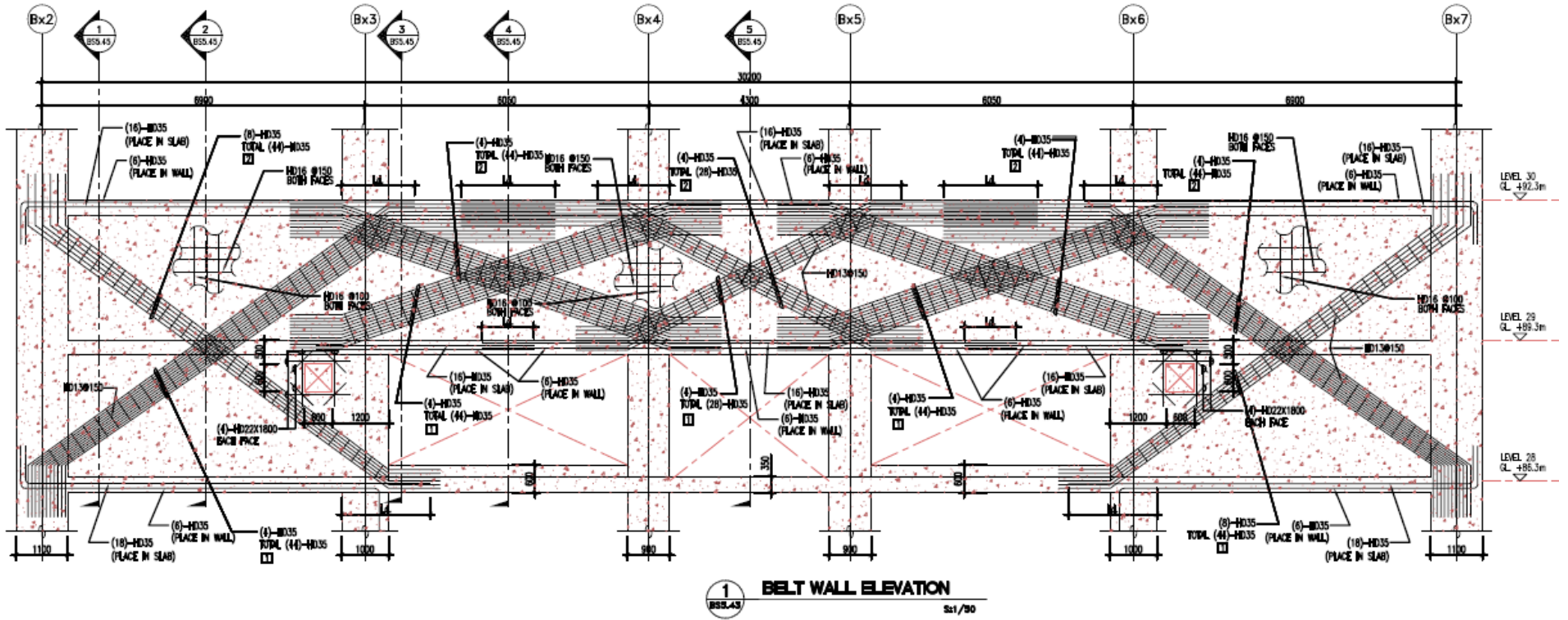
Lower
Belt Wall Floor



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

2000'
The # Centum Star



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2000'

The # Centum Star

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2010'
NEATT

- Location : Incheon, Korea
- Height : 69 Story (304m)
- Use : Office + Hotel
- Completion : 2014
- Structural System :
Composite Column +
Steel Beam +
Outrigger Truss

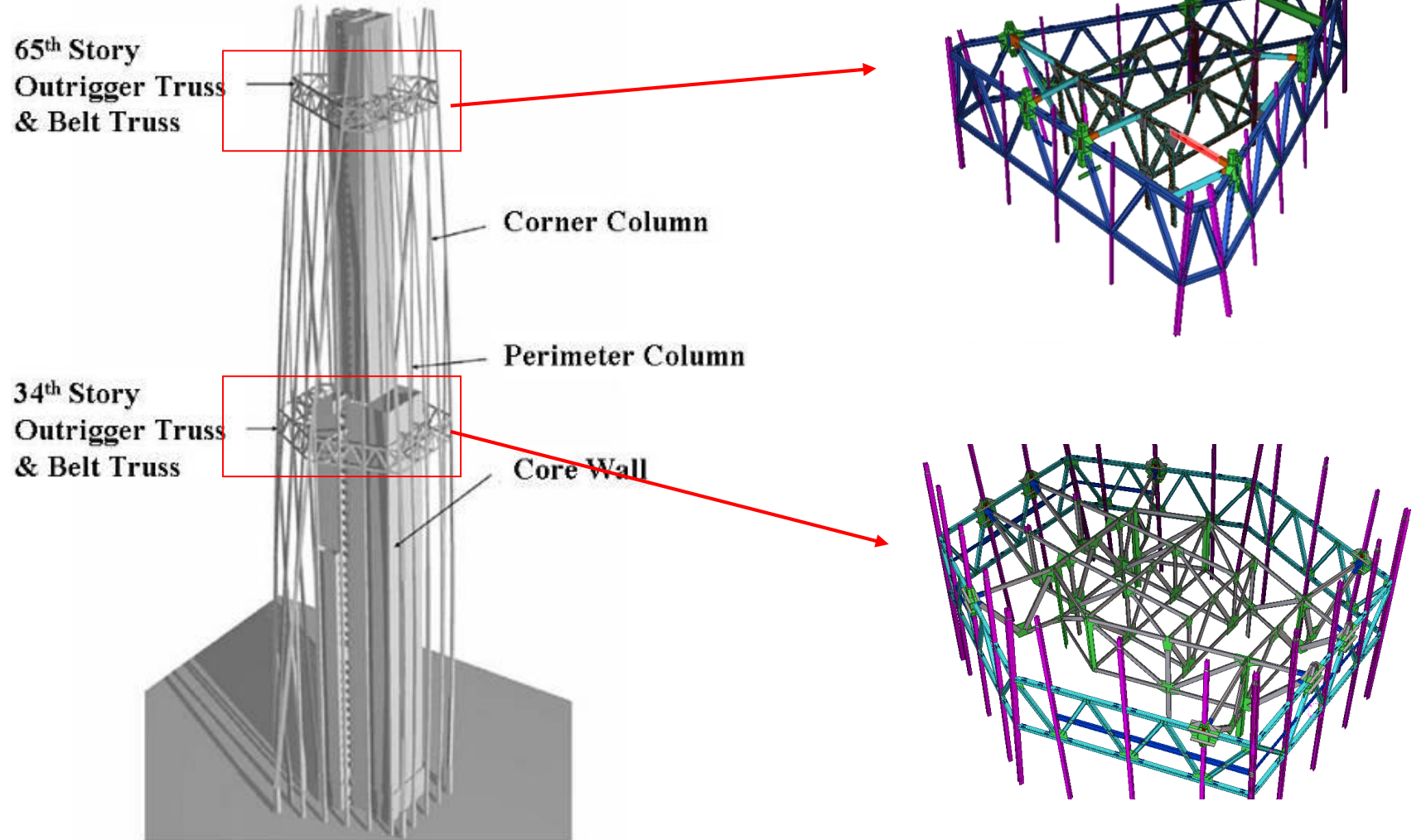
Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

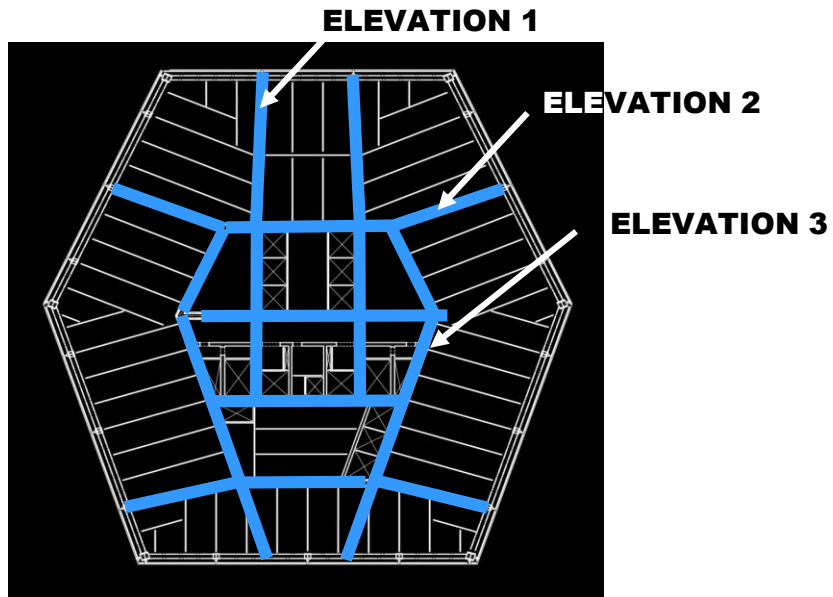
2010'
NEATT

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

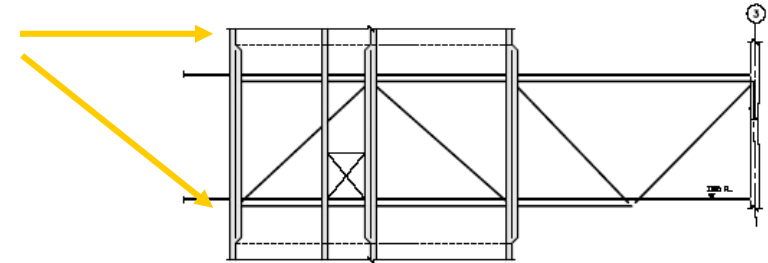
2010'
NEATT



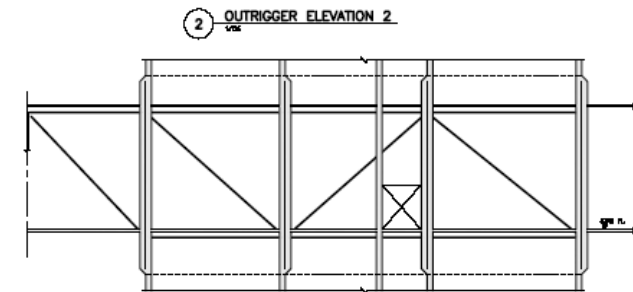
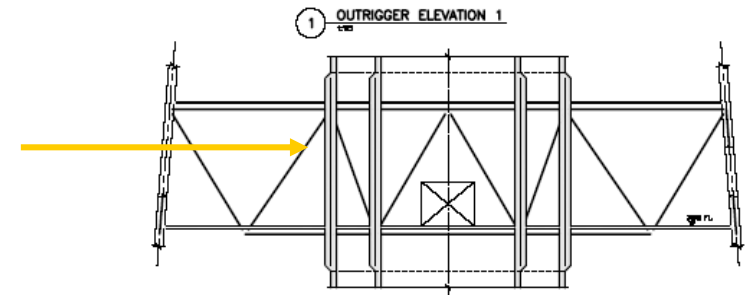
Outrigger System

Outrigger Layout Elevations – 33rd Floor Level

Thick Core Wall to be
Extended into Adjacent
Floors

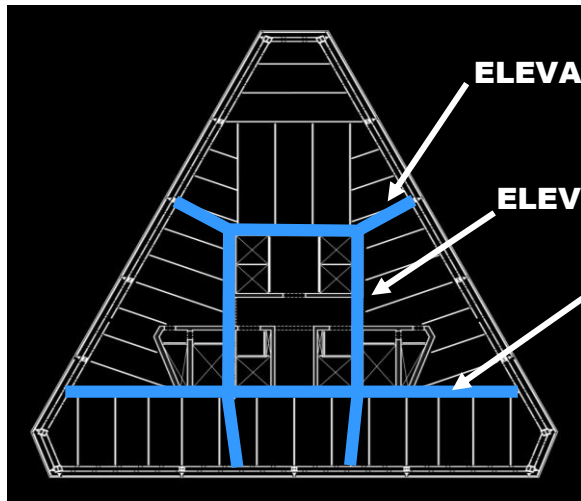


Core Walls Thickened to
800mm At Outrigger
Levels



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

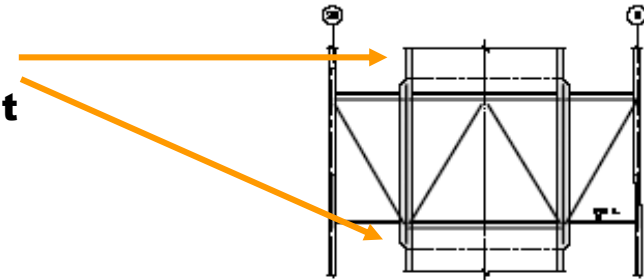
2010'
NEATT



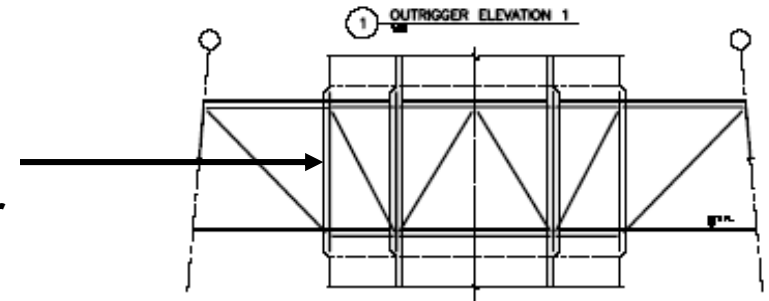
Outrigger System

Outrigger Layout Elevations – 64rd Floor Level

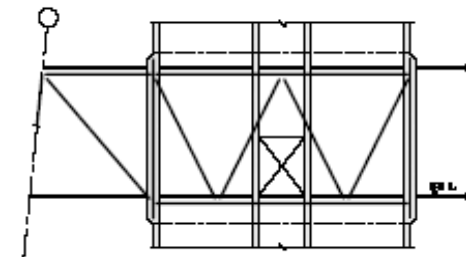
Thick Core Wall to be Extended into Adjacent Floors



Core Walls Thickened to 800mm At Outrigger Levels



② OUTRIGGER ELEVATION 2



③ OUTRIGGER ELEVATION 3

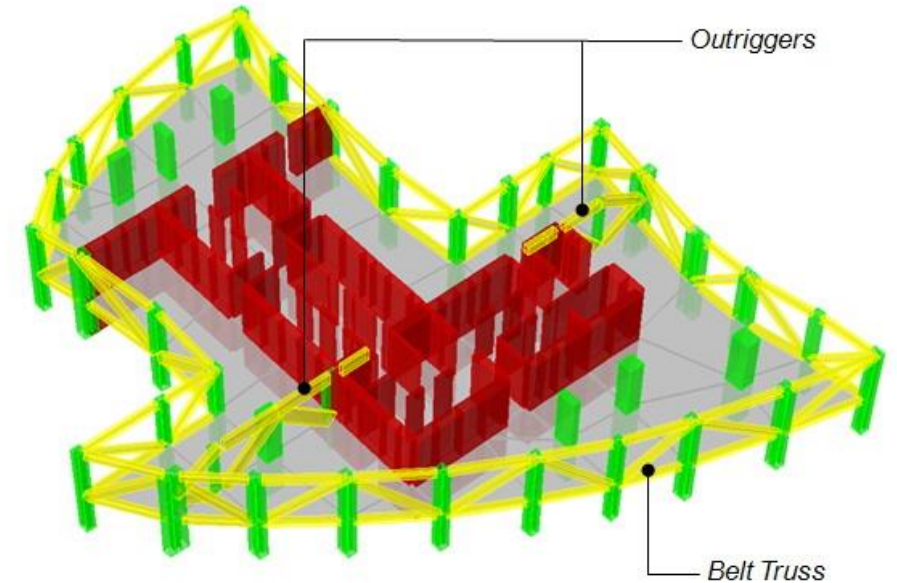
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2010'

I Park Marina

- Location : Busan, Korea
- Height : 72 Story (291.6m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2011
- Structural System :
RC Flat Slab + Core Wall +
Steel Outrigger Truss

Outrigger System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

2010'

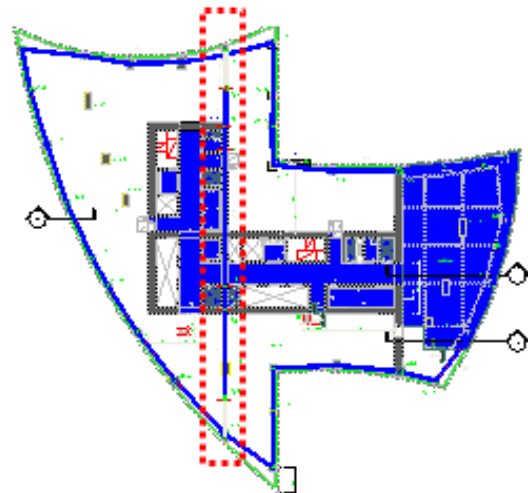
I Park Marina



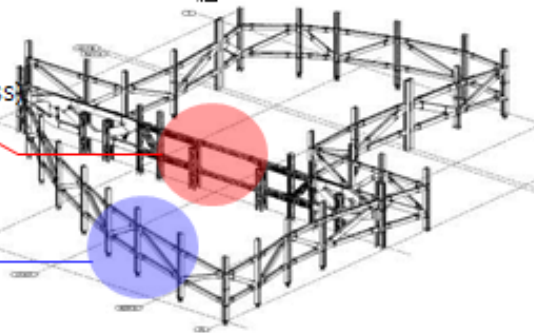
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2010'
I Park Marina

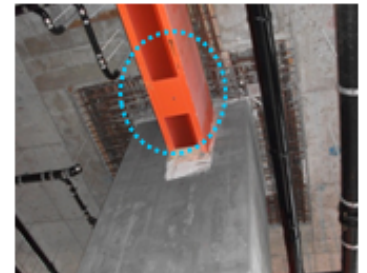
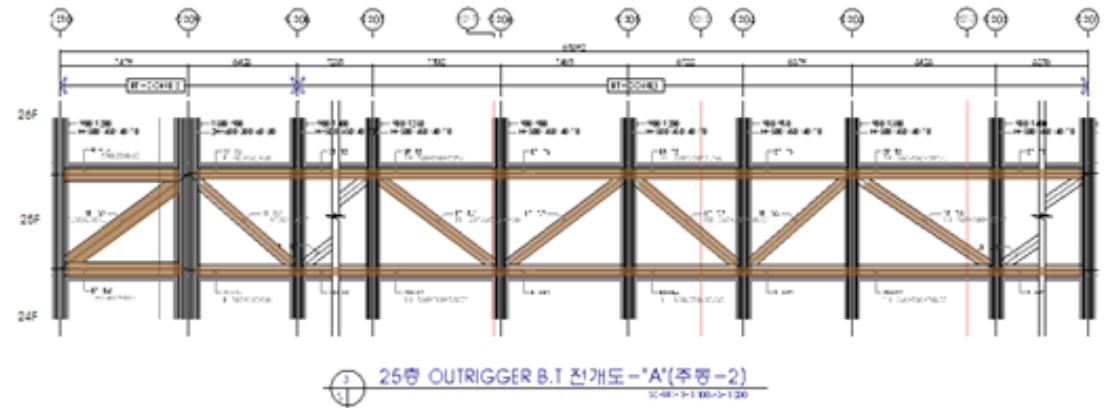
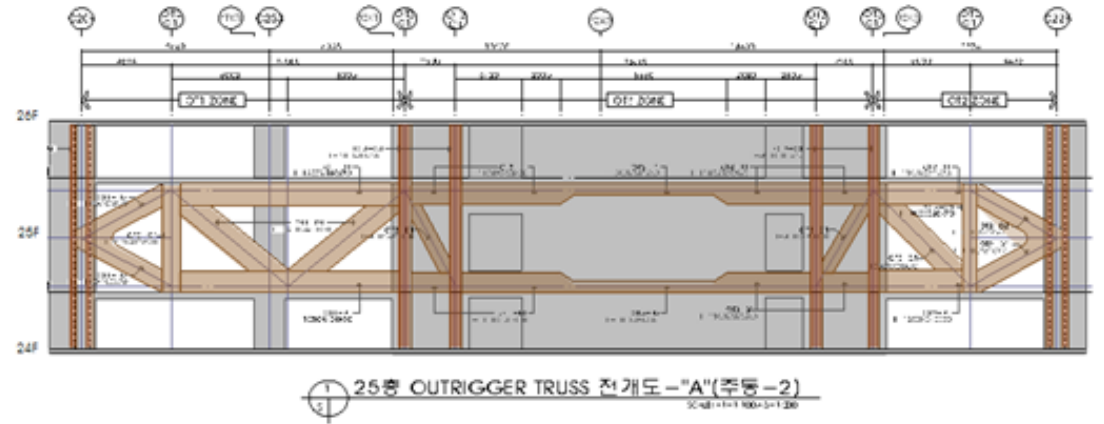
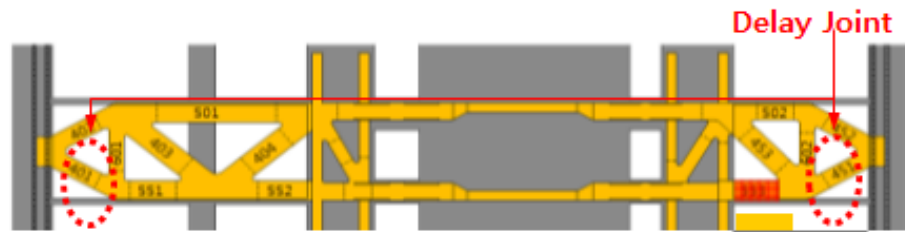
Outrigger System



CORE부
(Outrigger truss)
외주부
(Belt-truss)



Outrigger Truss



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Outrigger System

Project Name	Story	Structural System	Outrigger Connection		Outrigger Depth	Outrigger Materials
			Core	Column		
Hyperion I	69	Core+O/T+B/T +SRC column	Direct	Adjust. Delay	6.0m	Steel
Tower Palace III	69	Core+B/W +SRC column	Indirect	-	8.0m	RC
Busan the# Centum Star	60	Core+B/W +RC column	Indirect	-	6.0m	RC
NEATT (Northeast Asia Trade Tower)	68	Core+O/T+B/T +SRC column	Direct	Adjust. (Oil Jack)	9.1m	Steel
Busan Haeundae l'Park	72	Core+O/T+B/T +SRC column	Direct	Delay	6.4m	Steel
Hanoi Landmark Tower	70	Core+O/T +RC column	Direct	Delay	8.0m	RC
FKI Head Office (Federation of Korea Industries)	50	Core+O/T+B/T +SRC column	Direct	Delay	9.2m	RC
Busan Lotte Town	107	Core+O/T+B/T +RC column	Direct	Delay	14.0m	Steel
Hanoi City Complex	65	Core+O/T +RC Column	Direct	-	7.0m	Steel

Mega-Braced System

- Single Column & Mega-Brace
- Double Column & Mega-Brace

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Mega-Braced System

challenge

- **Conner Column Connected to Mega-Brace**

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

GBC

- Location : Seoul, Korea
- Height : 105 Story (569m)
- Use : Office
- Structural System :
Mega-Braced System

Mega-Braced System

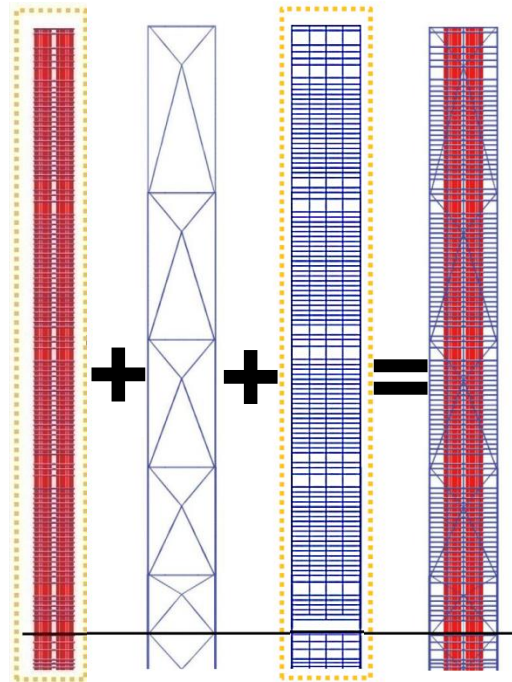


초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

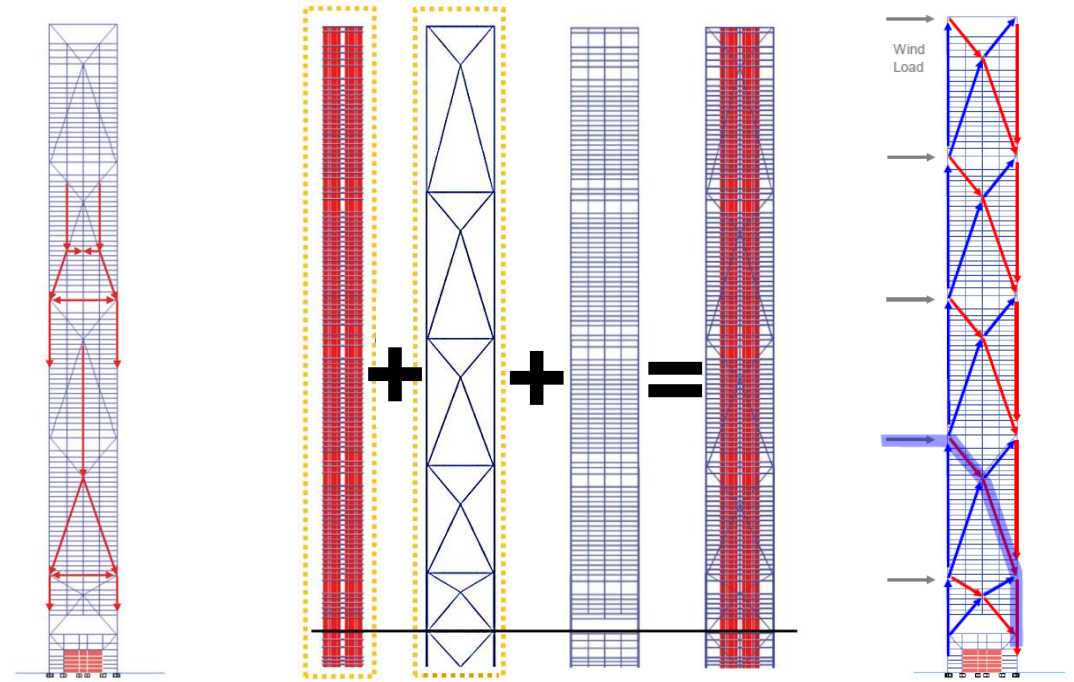
GBC

Mega-Braced System

Gravity Load Resisting System



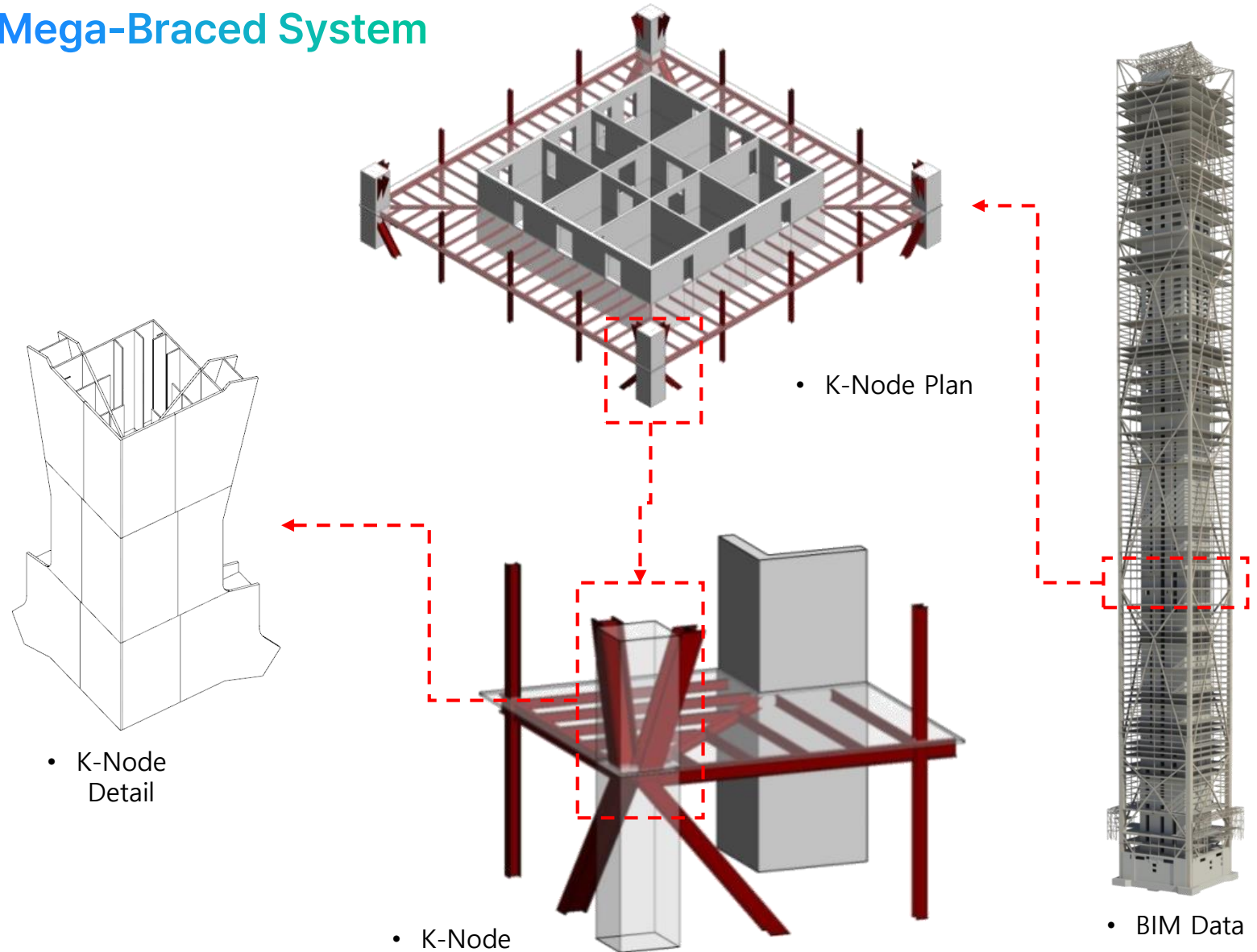
Lateral Load Resisting System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

GBC

Mega-Braced System

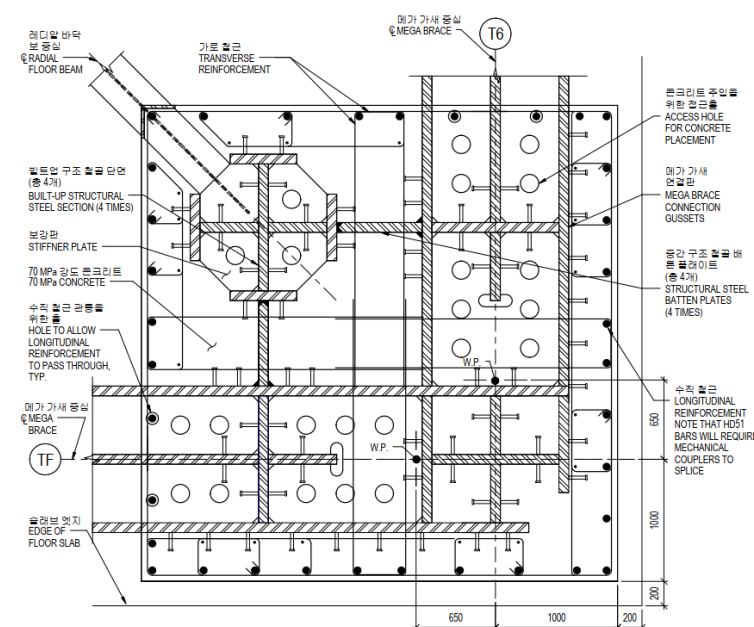


초고층 건축물 휨력저항 시스템

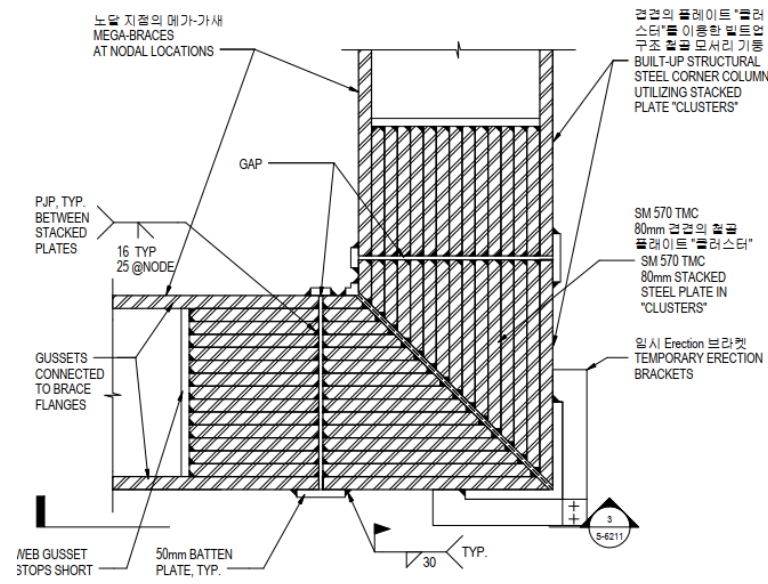
GBC

Mega-Braced System

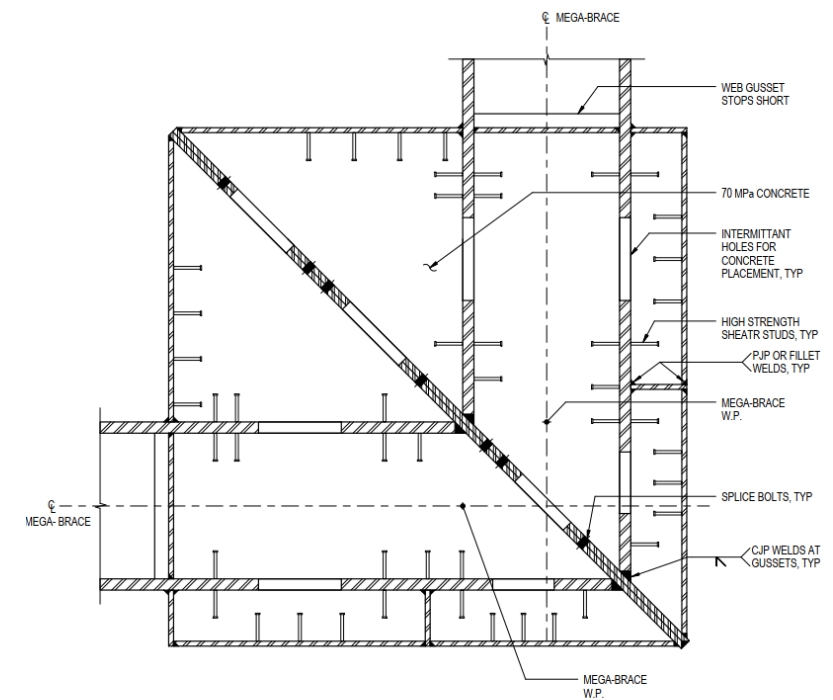
MEGA-COLUMN DETAIL - CFT OPTION AT NODE LEVEL



3 SRC MEGA COLUMN SRC - NODE SECTION
SCALE: 1 : 20



TYPICAL STEEL MEGA COLUMN DETAIL - DOUBLE GUSSET CONFIGURATION 1200 WIDE
SCALE: NTS



MEGA-COLUMN DETAIL - CFT OPTION AT NODE LEVEL
SCALE: NTS

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'

Parc1

- Location : Seoul, Korea
- Height : 69 Story (318m)
- Use : Office
- Completion : 2020
- Structural System :
Mega-Braced System

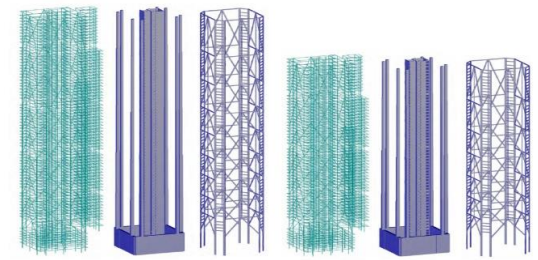
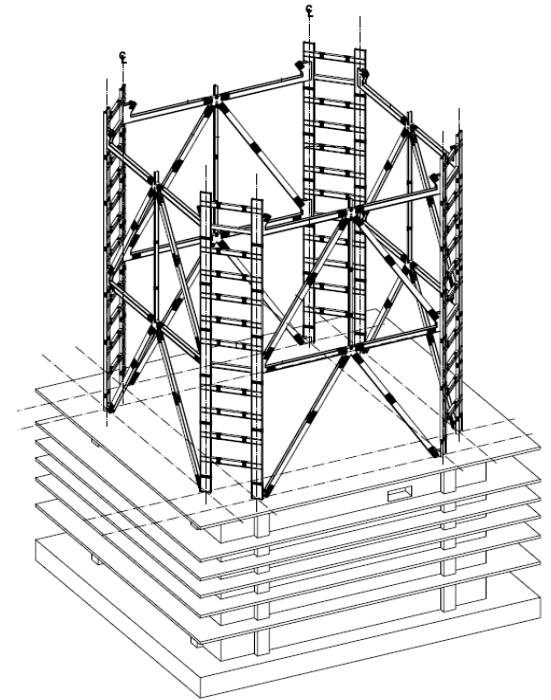
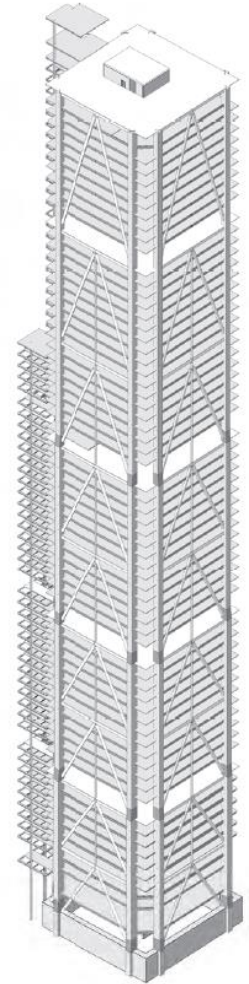
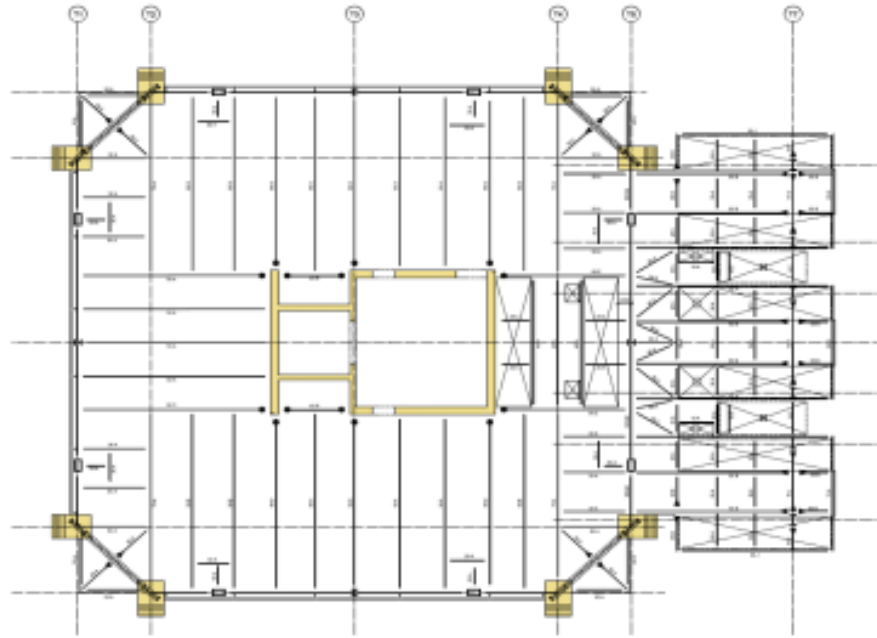
Mega-Braced System



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Mega-Braced System

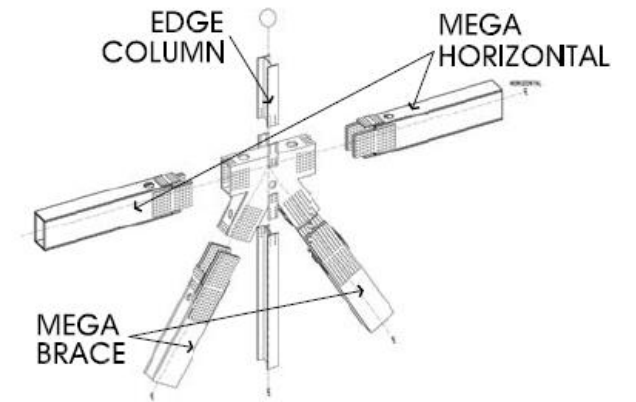
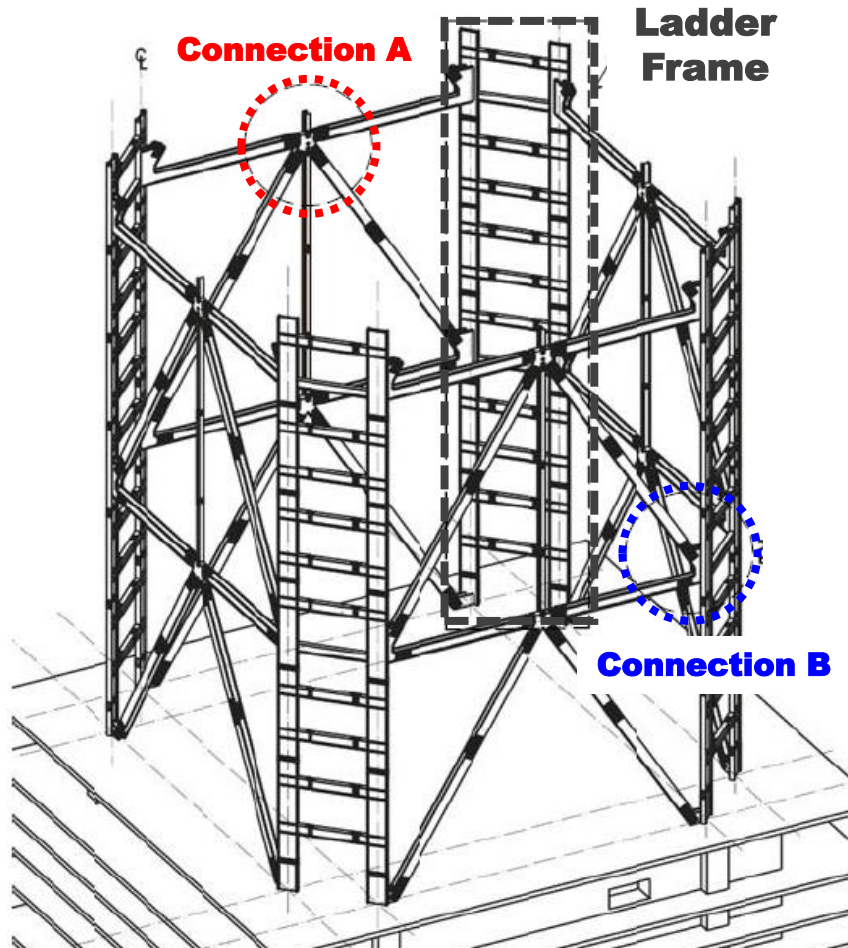
2020'
Parc1



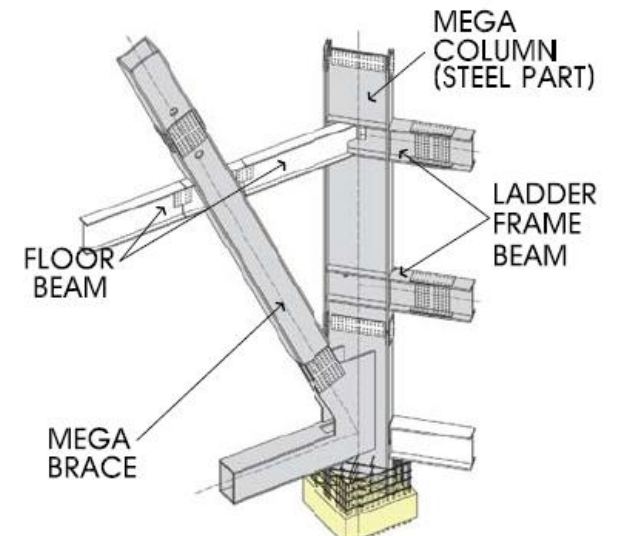
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
Parc1

Mega-Braced System



Connection A



Connection B

Fin Wall & Belt Wall

- Post-tension
 - RC

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

Fin-Wall & Belt-Wall System

challenge

- **Fin-Wall & Belt Wall Rebar Arrangement**

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
LCT

- Location : Busan, Korea
- Height : 101 Story (411m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2019
- Structural System :
Fin Wall & Belt Wall

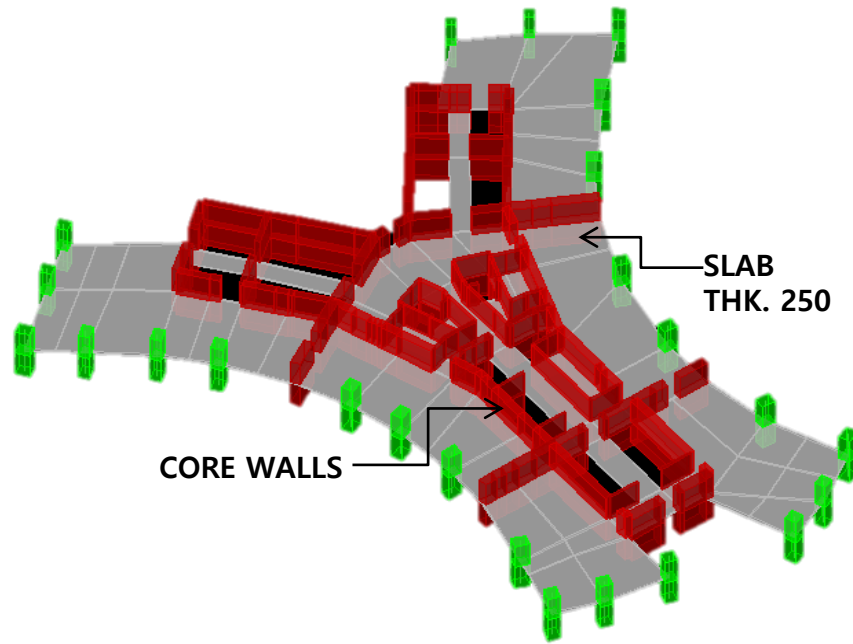
Fin Wall & Belt Wall



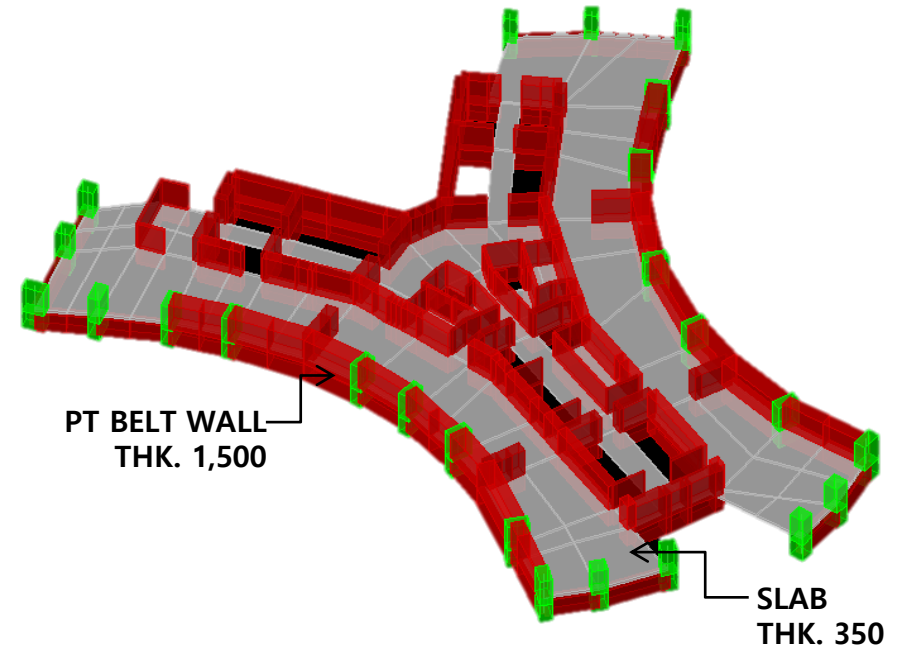
초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
LCT

Fin Wall & Belt Wall



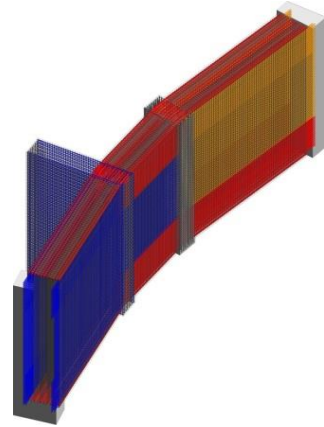
TYPICAL FLOOR



MECHANICAL FLOOR

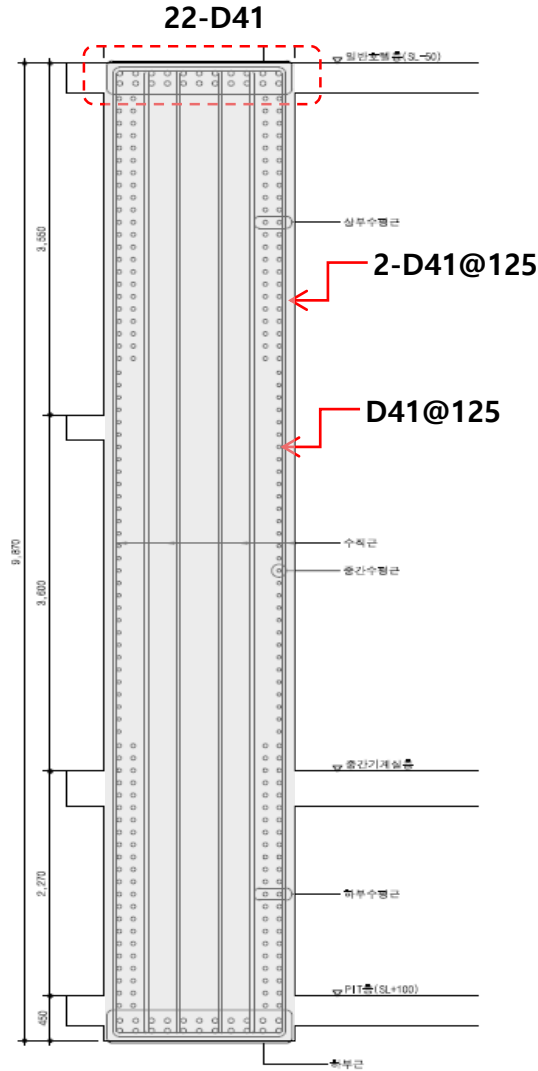
초고층 건축물 휨력저항 시스템

2020'
LCT

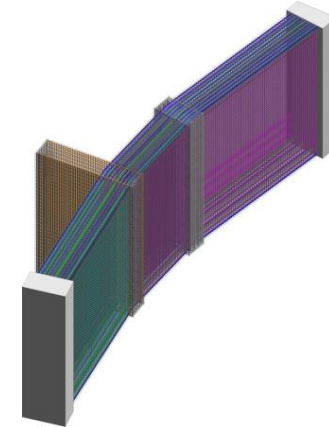


$A_s = 3,500\text{cm}^2$

< RC BELT WALL >

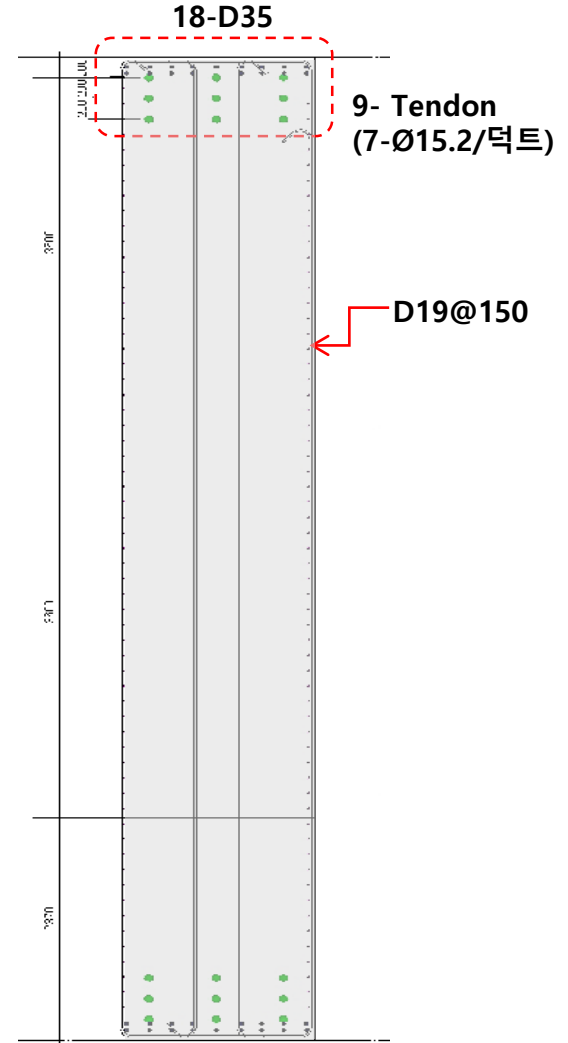


< PT BELT WALL >



$A_{ps} = 176.4\text{cm}^2$

$A_s = 1,000\text{cm}^2$



< PT Belt wall >

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
LCT

■ POST-TENSIONED BELT WALL 시공



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
LCT

■ POST-TENSIONED BELT WALL 시공



초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'

IJINBAY CITY

- Location : Busan, Korea
- Height : 69 Story (246m)
- Use : Residential
- Completion : 2022
- Structural System :
Fin Wall & Belt Wall

Fin Wall & Belt Wall

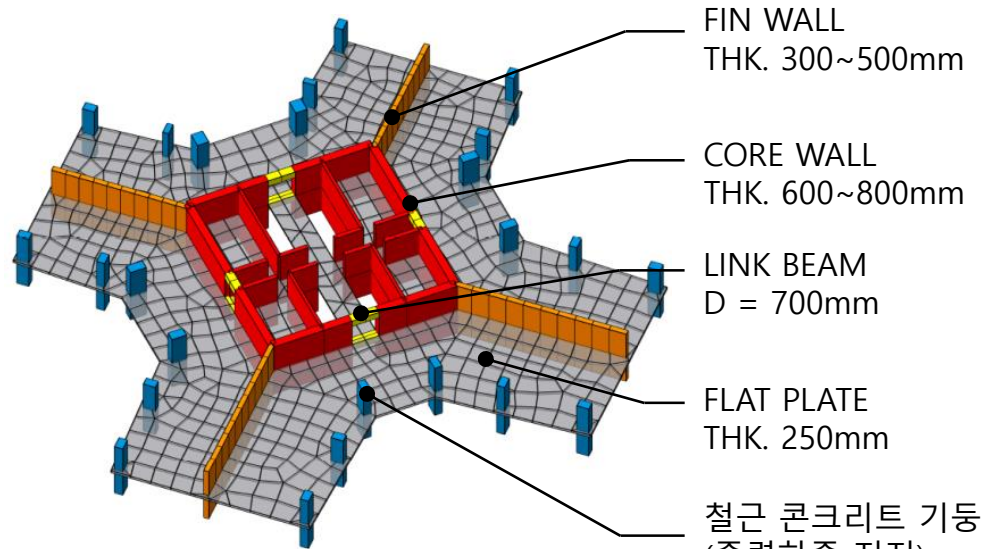


초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

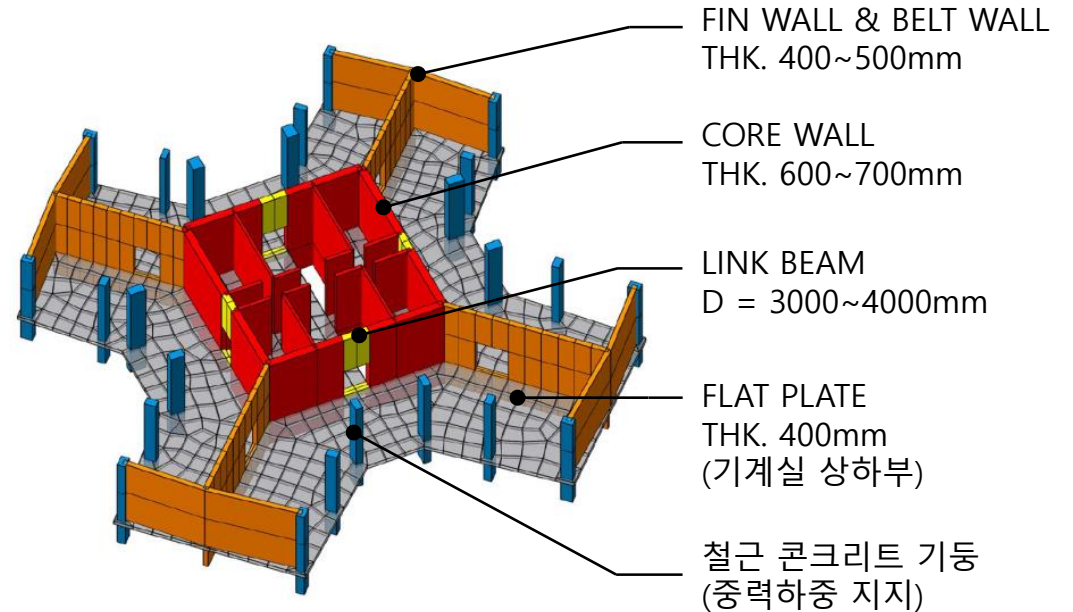
Fin Wall & Belt Wall

2020'

IJINBAY CITY



공동주택 기준층



기계실층

초고층 건축물 횡력저항 시스템

2020'
IJINBAY CITY

Fin Wall & Belt Wall



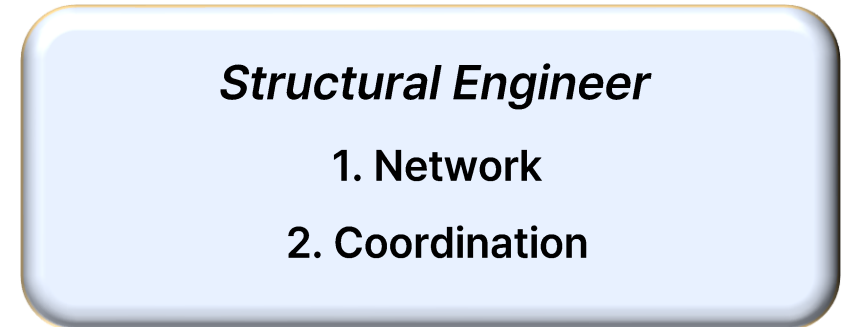
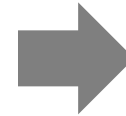
초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Specialists

Special Consultants

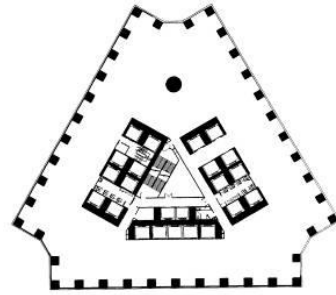
- Geotechnical
- Foundation
- Facade
- **Wind**
- Seismic
- Damper
- Nonlinear
- Axial Shortening
- **Cost**
- Materials
- Welding
- BIM
- etc



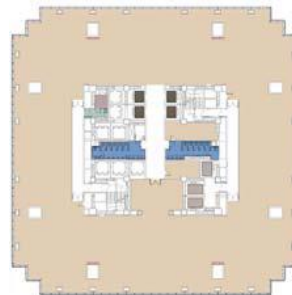
초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Core Design

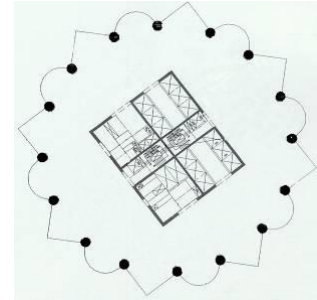
Special Consultants



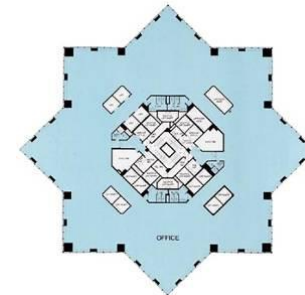
Central Plaza



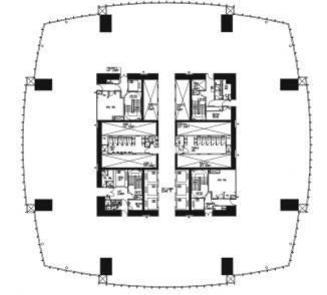
Taipei 101 Tower



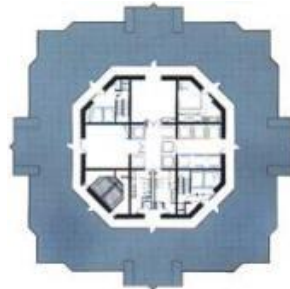
Petronas Tower



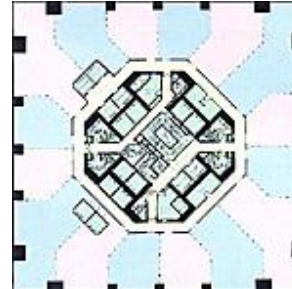
The Centre



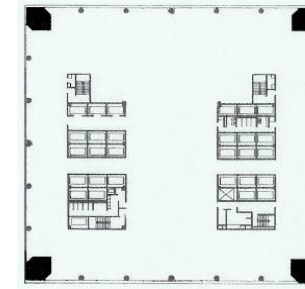
International Finance centre



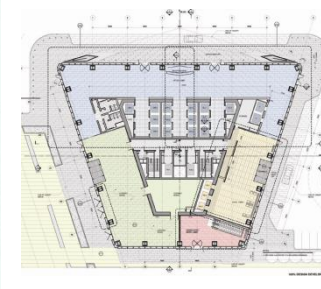
Jin Mao Tower



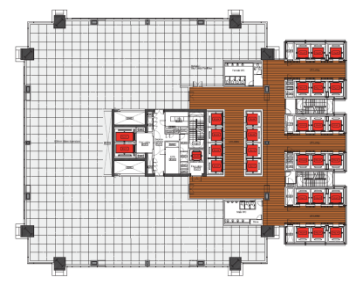
CITIC Plaza



Bank of China Tower

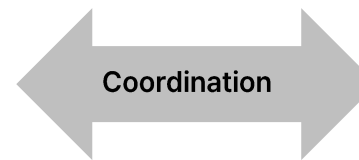


NEATT



Parc 1

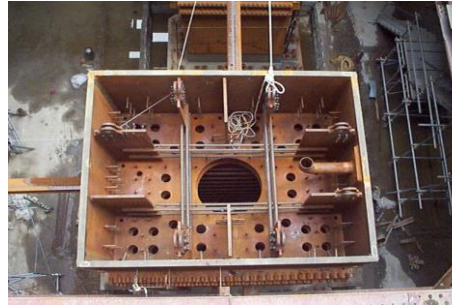
- Lift Engineer
- ACS Form
- Fire Engineer
- MEP Engineer
- Conc Material Consultant



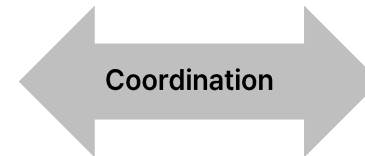
Structural Engineer

초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항 Mega Structure

Special Consultants



- Steel Worker
- Steel Fabricator
- Welding
- Cranage
- Monitoring
- Conc Material Consultant
- Curtain Wall Consultant

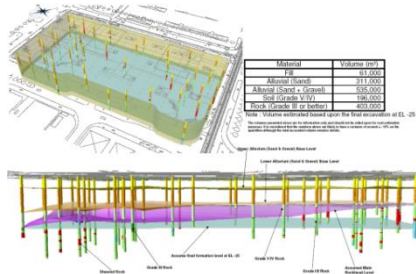


Structural Engineer

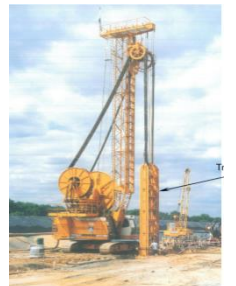
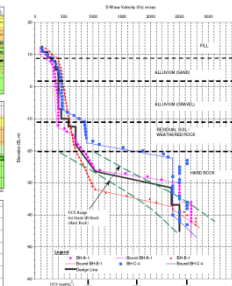
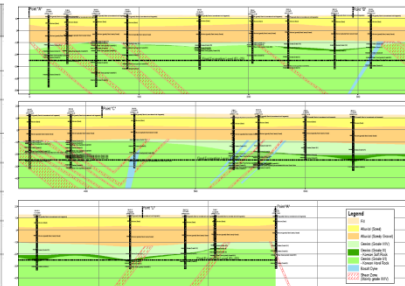
초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Sub-Structure Design

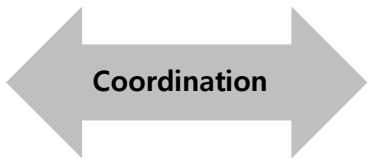
Special Consultants



No.	Name	Material Description	Unit	Unit Used Rate	Unit Price	Quantity	Volume	Weight	Length	Surface Area
1	RC	Concrete (cast with steel reinforcement)	m³	1200	-	1	1.0	2	1.0	-
2	Steel Member	Highly tensile carbon steel	kg	400	1000	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
3	Steel Member	Concrete (cast with steel reinforcement)	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
4	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
5	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
6	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
7	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
8	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0
9	Concrete (Grade 30)	Highly tensile RC	m³	1200	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0



- Geotechnical Engineer
- Foundation Engineer
- Excavation
- Earthwork
- MEP Engineer
- Q.C Consultant

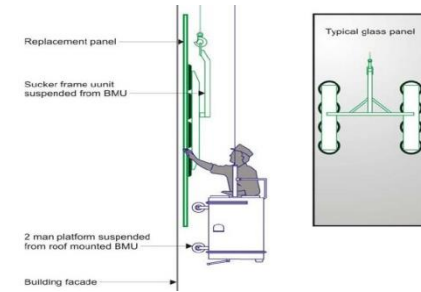
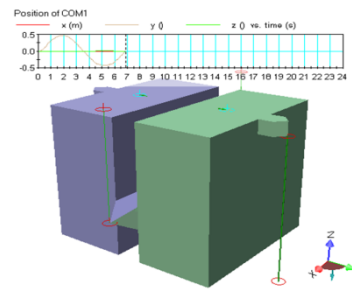
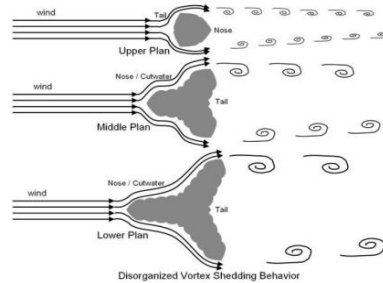
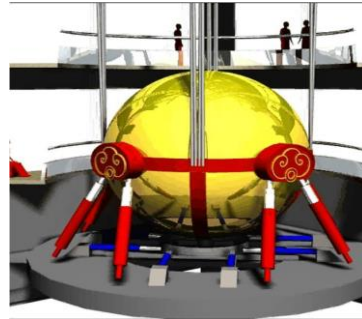
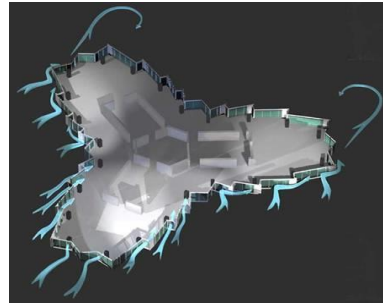


Structural Engineer

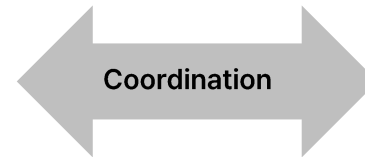
초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Building Shaping

Special Consultants



- Wind Engineer
- Vibration Consultant (Damper)
- Curtain Wall Consultant
- BMU Consultant

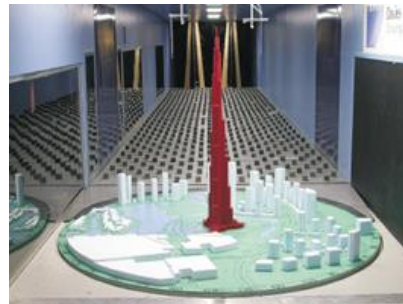
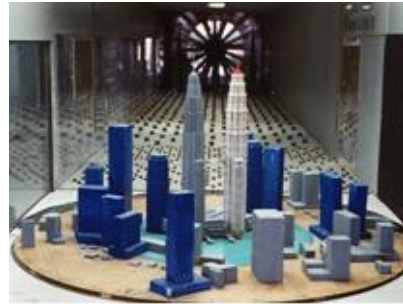
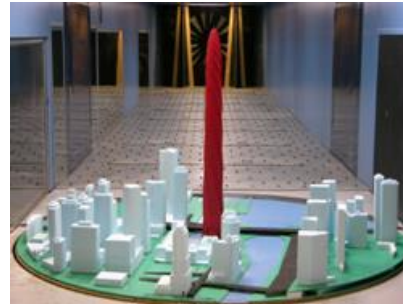


Structural
Engineer

초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Wind Engineer

Special Consultants

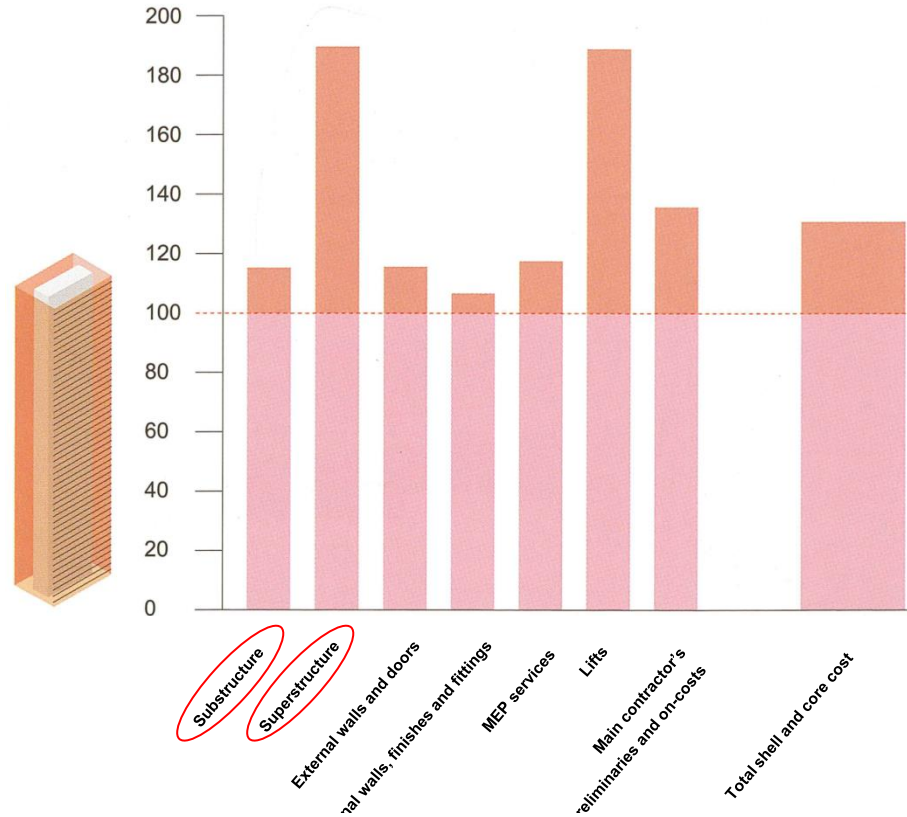


- Climate Study
- High Frequency Force Balance Test
- Aero-elastic Test
- Aero-dynamic Stability Test
- Cladding Pressure Test
- Pedestrian Level Comfort Test
- Spire Wind Fatigue Test
- Stack Effect
- Auxiliary Damper Study
- Thermal Comfort Study
- Special Reynolds Test
- Pinnacle Vortex Shedding Mitigation Test

초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

Cost Consultant

Special Consultants

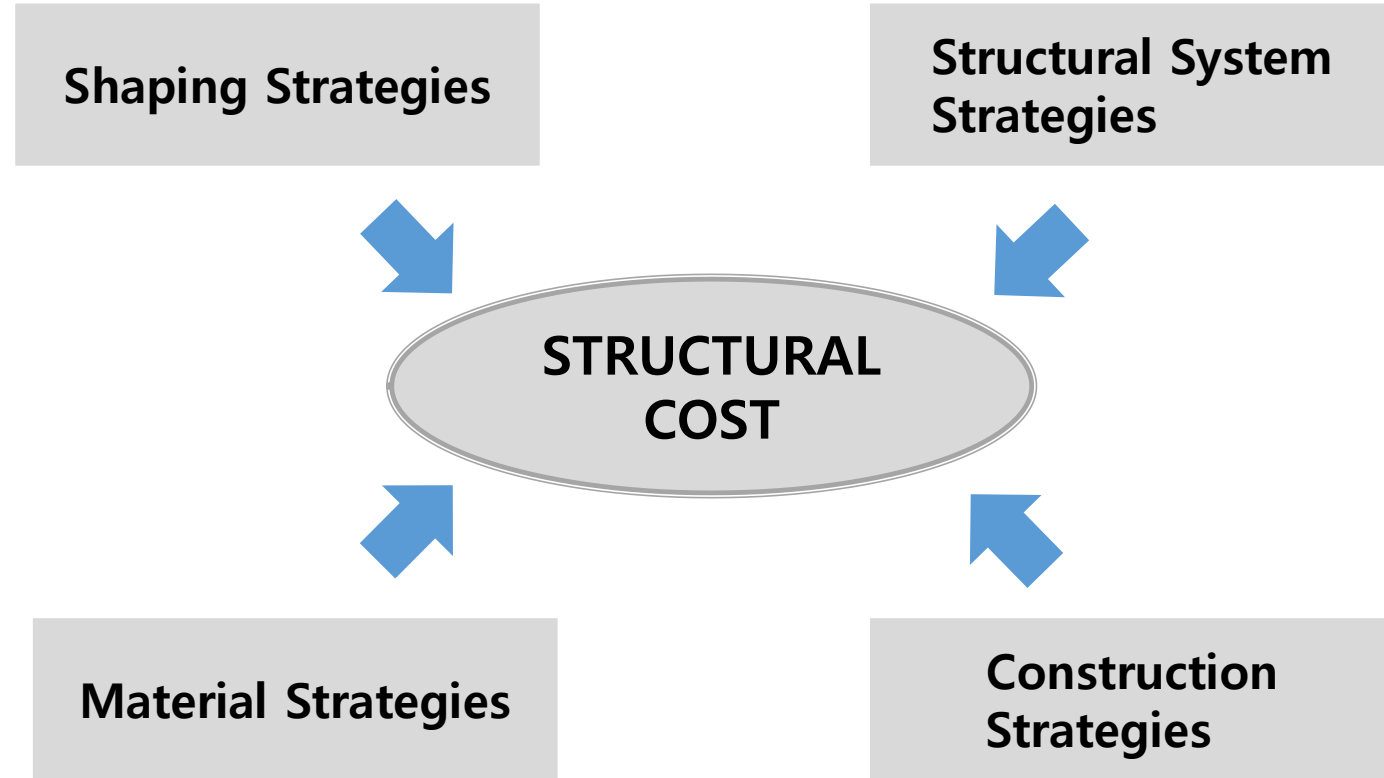


Elemental costs for a 60 story building
(baseline costs for a 15 story building).

초고층 건축물 주요 고려사항

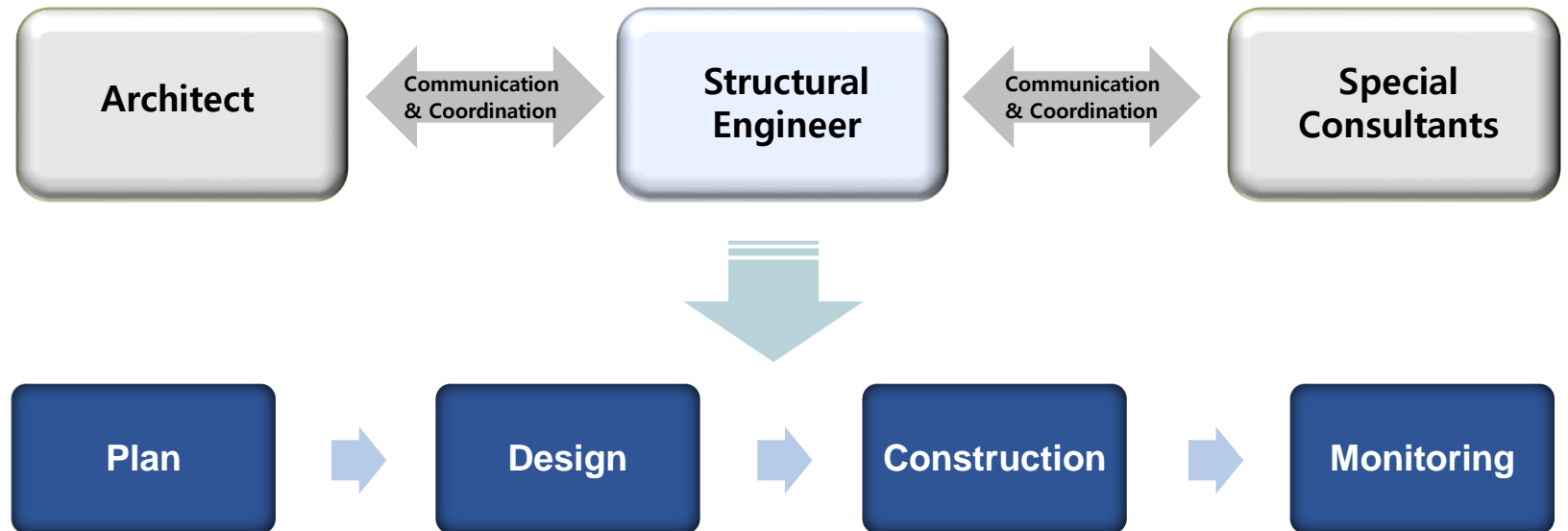
Cost Consultant

Special Consultants



Structural Engineer's Role

Structural Engineer \neq Supporting Engineer



Structural Engineer Leads the High-rise with Various Knowledge and Experience